SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT FOR

FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS FAIRMONT, MINNESOTA U.S. EPA ID: MNDO96488986

> SS ID: NONE TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN0200SB

EPA Region 5 Records Ctr.

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AUGUST 1, 1989



ecology and environment, inc.

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8-3-89 Date: Prepared by: Ronnie Galmore FIT Team Leader Ecology and Environment, Inc. Reviewed by: FIT Unit Manager Ecology and Environment, Inc. Approved by: erome D. Oskvarek TIT Office Manager

Ecology and Environment, Inc.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Ecology and Environment, Inc., Field Investigation Team (FIT) was tasked by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) to conduct a screening site inspection (SSI) of the Fairmont Railway Motors (FRM) site under contract number 68-01-7347.

The site was evaluated in the form of a preliminary assessment (PA) that was submitted to U.S. EPA. The PA was prepared by Michael Connolly and Becky Lofgren of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA). The PA is dated March 25, 1987 (MPCA 1987).

FIT prepared an SSI work plan for Fairmont Railway Motors site under technical directive document (TDD) F05-8710-005, Project Account Number (PAN) FMN0200SA, issued on October 6, 1987. The SSI work plan was approved by U.S. EPA on October 4, 1988. The SSI of the FRM site was conducted on December 6, 1988, under TDD F05-8710-005, issued on October 28, 1988.

The FIT SSI included an interview with site representatives, a reconnaissance inspection of the site, and the collection of 11 soil and sediment samples and 1 municipal well sample.

The purposes of an SSI have been stated by U.S. EPA in a directive outlining Pre-Remedial Program strategies. The directive states:

All sites will receive a screening SI to 1) collect additional data beyond the PA to enable a more refined preliminary HRS [Hazard Ranking System] score, 2) establish priorities among sites most likely to qualify for the NPL [National Priorities List], and 3) identify the most critical data requirements for the listing SI step.

A screening SI will not have rigorous data quality objectives (DQOs). Based on the refined preliminary HRS score and other technical judgement factors, the site will then either be designated as NFRAP [no further remedial action planned], or carried forward as an NPL listing candidate. A listing SI will not automatically be done on these sites, however. First, they will go through a management evaluation to determine whether they can be addressed by another authority such as RCRA [Resource Conservation and Recovery Act].... Sites that are designated NFRAP or deferred to other statutes are not candidates for a listing SI.

The listing SI will address all the data requirements of the revised HRS using field screening and NPL level DQOs. It may also provide needed data in a format to support remedial investigation work plan development. Only sites that appear to score high enough for listing and that have not been deferred to another authority will receive a listing SI. (U.S. EPA 1988)

U.S. EPA Region V has also instructed FIT to identify sites during the SSI that may require removal action to remediate an immediate human health or environmental threat.

2. SITE BACKGROUND

2.1 INTRODUCTION

This section includes information obtained from SSI work plan preparation and the site representative interview.

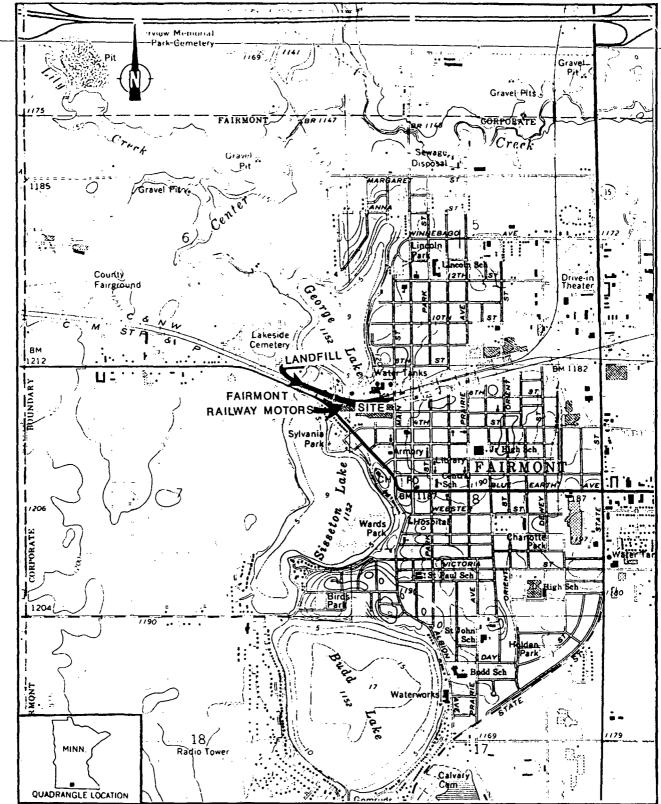
2.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

The FRM site is an active facility where hydraulic hand tools, railway maintenance vehicles, rail grinders, highrails, and equipment that adapts standard road trucks for railway travel are produced. Processes include the casting of aluminum and iron in sand molds. The finished products are fully assembled and leave the facility ready for use (Flanagan 1988).

The site is located on a 20-acre parcel of land in a heavily populated area, approximately 450 feet south of George Lake, within the corporate boundaries of the city of Fairmont, Minnesota (NW1/4NW1/4 sec. 8, T.102N., R.30W.), at 415 North Main Street (see Figure 2-1). A 4-mile radius map of the FRM site is provided in Appendix A.

2.3 SITE HISTORY

The Fairmont Railway Motors facility began operations in 1909 and is currently active. In 1923, the facility was connected to the Fairmont municipal sanitary sewer system. Spent soluble oil and washing solution from the facility were discharged into the sanitary sewer system until 1980, after which these wastes were sold for recycling. The facility does not currently dump any waste into the municipal



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc., 1989; BASE MAPS: USGS, Fairmont, MN Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1967.



FIGURE 2-1 SITE LOCATION

sanitary sewer system that would require a permit from the city of Fairmont, the MPCA, or the U.S. EPA (Flanagan et al. 1988).

In approximately 1930, FRM began disposing of waste on-site in a trench between two railroad tracks ("FRM landfill"). The nature of FRM waste disposal practices prior to 1930 is unknown. Some of the waste that was placed in the trench landfill at the site included paint dust, foundry sand, metals, paint sludges, spent silica sand, and steel shot. In 1941, the FRM landfill was expanded east toward Main Street. Figure 2-2 provides dates for use of various areas of the landfill. In late 1941, FRM began using cyanide in its manufacturing process. A cyanide salt was used in the heating process. Cyanide waste and worn-out metal pots with cyanide waste were disposed of in the FRM landfill. Paint dust, paint filters, and paint solids were burned in the east section of the landfill each week. These paint wastes were burned in the landfill from late 1950 until 1980 (see Figure 2-2 for location of burn area) (Flanagan et al. 1988)

By 1969, the landfill between the railroad tracks east of Fourth Avenue was almost filled. In 1969, FRM expanded its landfill west of Fourth Avenue. This landfill area consisted of a trench between the two railroad tracks extending from Fourth Avenue to a channel that connects Sisseton Lake to George Lake (Flanagan et al. 1988).

According to Robert Flanagan, FRM Quality and Safety Manager, the same types of waste that had been placed in the older landfill sections were placed in this new section of the landfill. In approximately 1980, FRM ceased placing waste in the on-site landfill (Flanagan et al. 1988).

Flanagan has stated that during the time the landfill was active, area residents dumped refuse at the landfill; it is unknown whether other businesses or industries dumped their waste at the FRM landfill. A city of Fairmont storm drain flows under the eastern section of the landfill and empties into George Lake (see Figure 3-1 for outfall location) (Flanagan et al. 1988). The FRM landfill does not drain into the city of Fairmont storm drain. Flanagan has stated that there has never been any problem with leachate or waste migrating from the on-site landfill into George Lake. The landfill does not have a leachate collection system, surface water diversion system, or liner; the depth and type of cover is unknown (Flanagan et al. 1988).

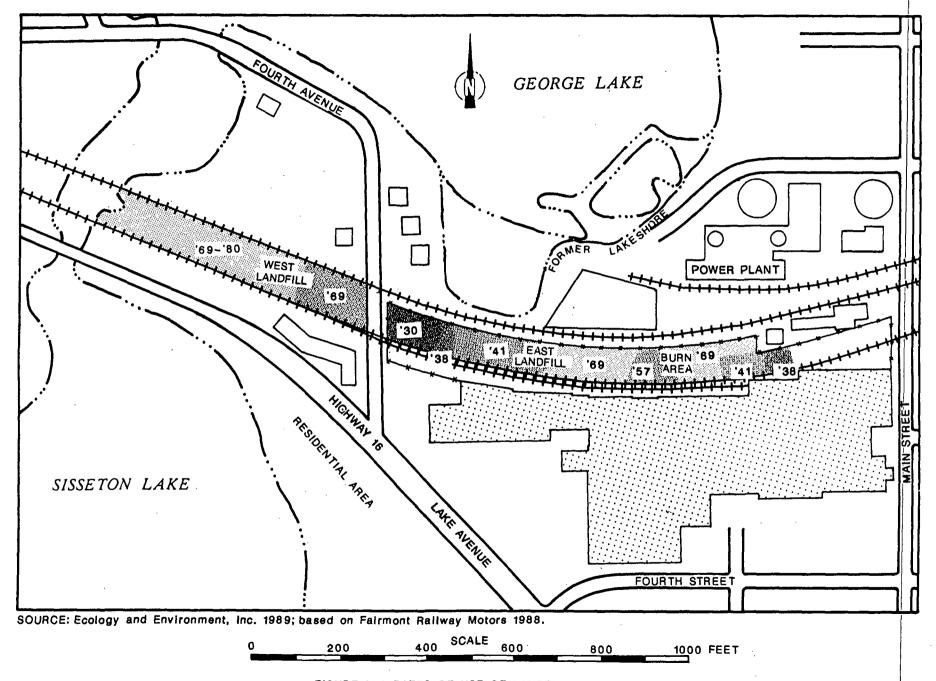


FIGURE 2-2 DATES OF USE OF LANDFILL AREAS

Shaded Areas and Numbers Indicate Approximate Year(s) the Areas Were Used for Landfilling

In 1979, FRM was sold to the Harsco Corporation of Camp Hill, Pennsylvania. FRM, now a division of Harsco Corporation, continues to use the site to manufacture hydraulic hand tools, railway maintenance vehicles, rail grinders, highrails, and equipment that adapts standard road trucks for railway travel (Flanagan et al. 1988).

Bruce K. Anthony, Larry Christensen, and Dave Cera of MPCA visited the FRM site on July 10, 1980. As a result of this inspection, MPCA determined that 1) some of the waste being placed in the FRM landfill may have contained hazardous components; 2) the disposal of cutting and grinding oil to the sewer system may have been inappropriate; and 3) any cyanide waste generated at the site should be considered hazardous and disposed of in an MPCA-approved manner (Moore 1980). In 1986, after discovering hazardous substances at the Gofer Sanitary Landfill, MPCA requested a summary of all hazardous substances deposited at Gofer Sanitary Landfill by FRM (Svanda 1986). Gofer Sanitary Landfill is approximately 10 miles north of the site. Wastes suspected of being deposited at Gofer Sanitary Landfill by FRM include cyanide waste, paint sludges, spent soluble oil, and metals. To the best of its knowledge, FRM did not dispose of any hazardous waste at the Gofer Sanitary Landfill (Jackson 1986). MPCA does not have any regulatory or enforcement action currently pending against FRM.

3. SCREENING SITE INSPECTION PROCEDURES AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section outlines procedures and observations of the SSI of the FRM site. Individual subsections address the site representative interview, reconnaissance inspection, and sampling procedures. Rationales for specific FIT activities are also provided. The SSI was conducted in accordance with the U.S. EPA-approved work plan, except for the number of sediment samples and residential well samples. After the reconnaissance inspection, FIT determined that two of the sediment samples could be deleted. FIT was unable to locate any residential wells close to the FRM site, so no residential wells were sampled.

The U.S. EPA Potential Hazardous Waste Site Inspection Report (Form 2070-13) for the FRM site is provided in Appendix B.

3.2 SITE REPRESENTATIVE INTERVIEW

Ronnie Galmore, FIT team leader, conducted an interview with FRM representatives Robert J. Flanagan, Quality and Safety Manager; Raymond R. Lund, Vice President--Operations; Richard Lobb, Project Engineer; and Eric P. Carman, Project Hydrogeologist of Geraghty and Miller, Inc. Eric Carman was present at the request of FRM to split samples with FIT. The interview was conducted on December 5, 1988, at 2:15 p.m. in the office of Robert J. Flanagan on-site. Also present at the interview was Kurt Sims of FIT. The interview was conducted to gather information that would aid FIT in conducting SSI activities.

3.3 RECONNAISSANCE INSPECTION

On December 6, 1988, FIT conducted a reconnaissance inspection of the FRM site and surrounding area in accordance with Ecology and Environment, Inc. (E & E), health and safety guidelines. The reconnaissance inspection included a walk-through of the site to determine appropriate health and safety requirements for conducting on-site activities and to make observations to aid in characterizing the site. FIT also determined exact sampling locations during the reconnaissance inspection.

The reconnaissance inspection began at approximately 9:00 a.m. Richard Lobb accompanied FIT during the reconnaissance inspection. Lobb has been employed by FRM for 25 years.

Reconnaissance Inspection Observations. The FRM site is located in a largely residential area of Fairmont, Minnesota (see Figure 3-1 for locations of site features). Commercial businesses are also found in the vicinity of the site. FRM owns approximately 20 acres of land and four buildings: the main plant and office building, and three warehouses. The warehouses are located directly across from the main plant on Main Street. The FRM landfill is located north of the plant/office building between two railroad tracks (see Figure 3-2 for site boundaries). The landfill covers approximately 5 acres and is divided into an eastern section ("east landfill") and a western section ("west landfill") by Fourth Avenue. Photographs of the FRM site are provided in Appendix C.

The site property is bordered to the north by railroad tracks, a power plant with a coal pile, a water tower adjacent to the Golden Sun Company, Fourth Avenue, and a residential area. The FRM site is bordered to the south by Fourth Street, a residential area, a restaurant, another business, Sisseton Lake, and Highway 16--Lake Avenue.

The west landfill is unfenced. The westernmost edge of the west landfill slopes 35% to 40% into the channel between Sisseton Lake and George Lake. The channel is approximately 25 feet in width and lies approximately 450 feet west of Fourth Avenue. A restaurant is located south of the east end of the west landfill at the intersection of Fourth

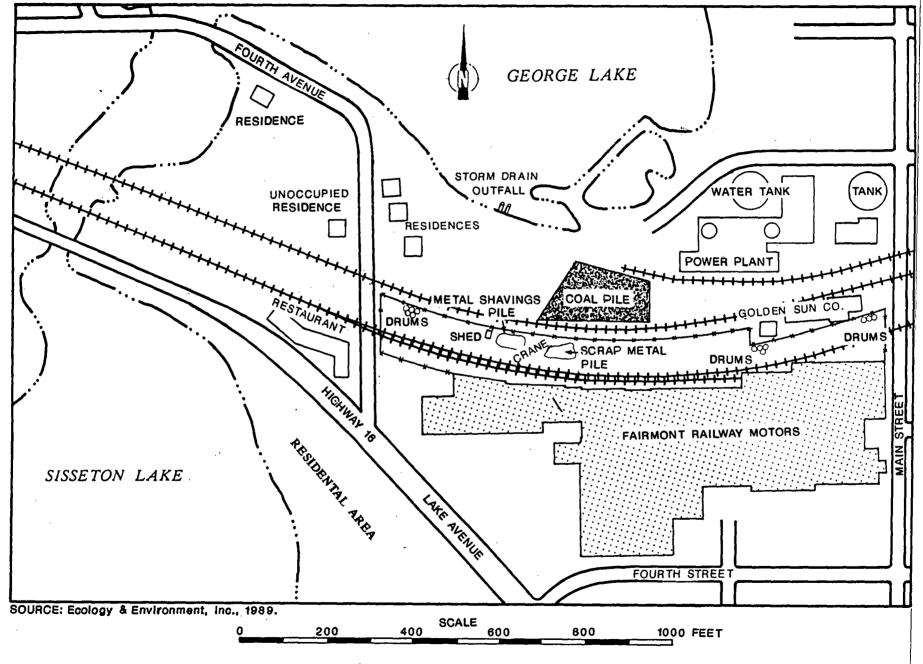


FIGURE 3-1 SITE FEATURES

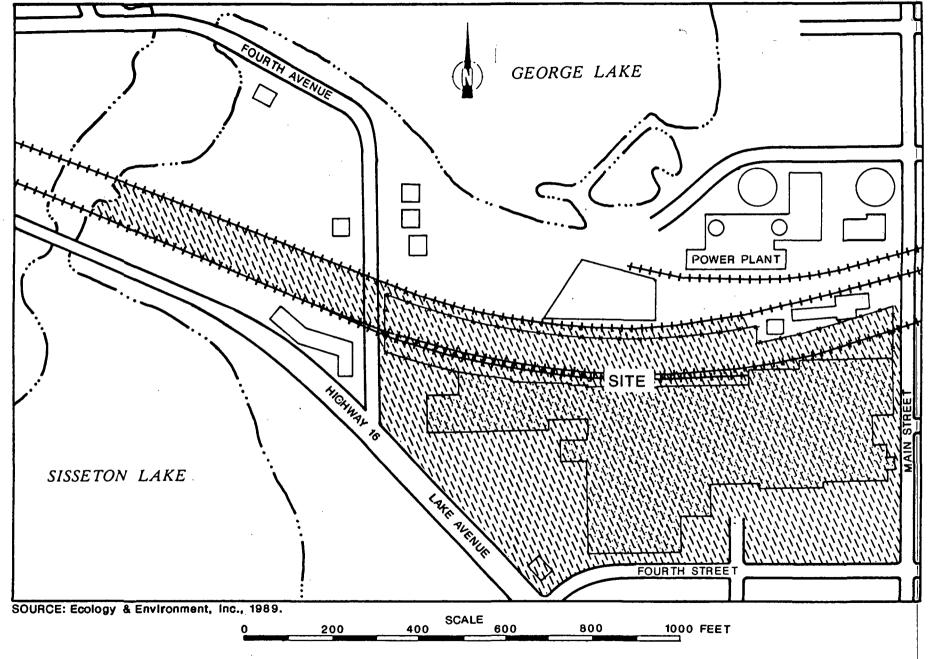


FIGURE 3-2 SITE BOUNDARIES

Avenue and Highway 16--Lake Avenue. Northwest of the FRM plant building, FIT observed several houses. Lobb stated that the residences west of Fourth Avenue were unoccupied. FIT also observed several snowmobile tracks on-site on the unfenced west landfill area of the site. The landfill has plant growth and was partially covered with snow at the time of the reconnaissance inspection. No signs of leachate or stressed vegetation were observed on-site.

Both sections of the landfill are located on a small embankment between two sets of railroad tracks. The embankment is approximately 20 to 25 feet high. The north and south faces of the embankment containing the west landfill outside of the railroad tracks slope approximately 20 to 25%. The fill area is located about 2 feet lower than the railroad tracks. The land on the east landfill outside of the railroad tracks slopes approximately 25 to 30% on its north face. The south face of the east landfill outside of the railroad tracks slopes approximately 20 to 25% on its western portion. The remaining portion of the east landfill outside of the railroad tracks has no slope on its southern face. North of the fenced area of the east landfill, the ground is approximately 2 feet lower than the surface of the fenced area. There is then a rise of approximately 2 1/2 feet to the northern set of railroad tracks.

The east landfill is fenced, with the fence beginning at the northwestern corner of the main building and ending at the building's northeast corner. Within the fenced area, FIT observed several scrap metal piles, machine metal piles, 55-gallon drums, an old crane, and a shed with a calcium carbide sign. The scrap metal piles remain on-site until they fill one railroad boxcar and then the scrap is sold to Pooley Scrap Metal and Iron, Inc., Fairmont, Minnesota, for recycling (Flanagan 1988). Some of the drums carried labels reading "Flammable," "denatured alcohol," and "Kerosene." Other drums were unlabeled and were resting on the ground. A city of Fairmont storm drain flows under the east landfill and into George Lake, which is located approximately 450 feet north of the landfill. FIT observed two storm drain outfalls flowing into George Lake. There are several occupied homes on the east side of Fourth Avenue, north of the landfill. The railroad tracks north of the landfill are 30 feet from the fence and belong to the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company (Flanagan 1988). The east landfill is

covered by sand and gravel. Some exposed soil and a concrete pad were observed along the main plant/office building.

Still bottom waste from the FRM site is transported by SET Environmental of Chicago to LWD, Inc., of Colvert City, Kentucky, for solvent recovery (Flanagan et al. 1988). The FRM facility operates 24 hours a day, employs 450 workers, and has a 24-hour security guard on duty (Flanagan et al. 1988).

3.4 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Samples were collected by FIT at locations determined during the reconnaissance inspection to determine levels of U.S. EPA Target Compound List (TCL) compounds and U.S. EPA Target Analyte List (TAL) analytes present at the site. The TCL and TAL, with corresponding quantitation/detection limits are provided in Appendix D.

On December 6, 1988, FIT collected eight surface soil samples, including one potential background soil sample, and three lake sediment samples, including one potential background sediment sample. Also on December 6, 1988. FIT collected a sample from one municipal well. A portion of each soil and sediment sample, except the potential background soil and sediment samples was taken by a site representative.

Soil and Sediment Sampling Procedures. Soil and sediment samples (indicated as S1 through S11) were obtained from various locations throughout the site. Surface soil sample S1 was collected at the western edge of the west landfill about 20 feet from the slope that leads to the channel between Sisseton Lake and George Lake (see Figure 3-3 for on-site soil and sediment sampling locations). Soil sample S1 was collected to determine whether TCL compounds or TAL analytes had been deposited in the west landfill.

Sediment sample S2 was collected from the channel between Sisseton Lake and George Lake, between two railroad trestles. Water in the channel was frozen to a depth of about 4 inches. FIT used a steel rod to chip a hole in the ice and a bucket hand auger to collect the sediment sample. The flow between the lakes is from the south to the north (from Sisseton Lake to George Lake). Sediment sample S3 was collected from the waterway between Sisseton Lake and George Lake, about 10 feet from the shoreline. A steel rod was used to chip a hole in the

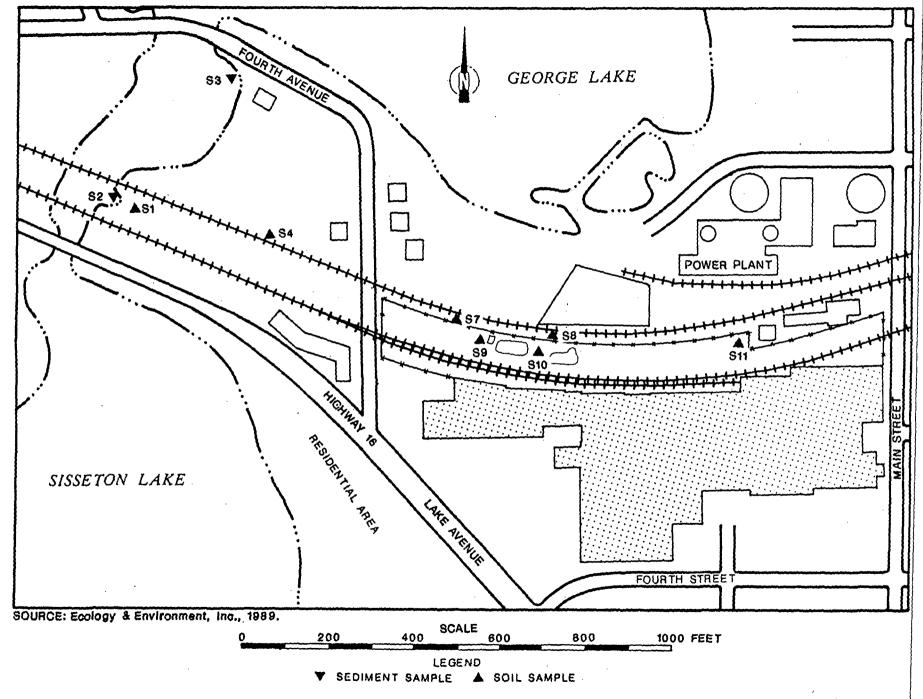


FIGURE 3-3 ON-SITE SOIL AND SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATIONS

ice and a bucket hand auger was used to collect the sediment sample. Sample S3 was collected as a downgradient sediment sample. Sediment samples S2 and S3 were collected to determine whether any TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes had migrated from the site to the lakes.

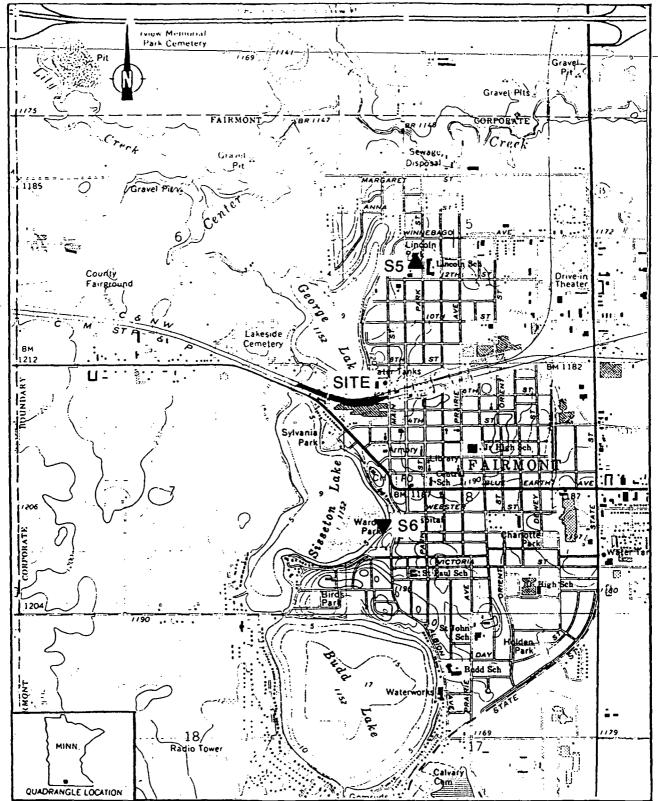
Surface soil sample S4 was collected at the base of a 30% slope on the north side of the west landfill. The location of soil sample S4 was chosen to determine whether TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes had been deposited there.

A potential background soil sample (indicated as S5) was collected at Lincoln Park, approximately 3/4 mile north of the site (see Figure 3-4 for off-site soil and sediment sampling locations). The background soil sample was collected to determine the representative chemical content of the soil in the area surrounding the site. This location was chosen because the ground surface appeared to be in an undisturbed state.

Sediment sample S6 was collected upstream from the site as a potential background sediment sample. Sample S6 was collected approximately 7 feet from shore and 60 feet north of a fishing pier at Wards Park on Sisseton Lake.

Soil sample S7 was collected at the west end of the east landfill, outside the fenced area, near some drums that were within the fenced area. This location was chosen because the terrain outside the fenced area was lower and runoff may have collected there. Soil sample S8 was collected from the east landfill outside of the fenced area, near a scrap metal pile. This location was chosen because of the lower terrain and to determine whether TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes had been deposited there.

Samples S9, S10, and S11 were collected within the fenced area of the east landfill. Soil sample S9 was collected approximately 15 feet west of the calcium shed. Soil sample S10 was collected between the scrap metal pile and the metal shaving pile, approximately 10 feet south of the north fence. Soil sample S9 and S10 were collected to determine whether TCL compounds and TAL analytes had been deposited there. Soil sample S11 was collected near the east end of the fenced area, near a small metal pile, approximately 25 feet from the north fence. This



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc., 1989; BASE MAPS: USGS, Fairmont, MN Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1967.

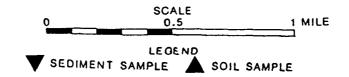


FIGURE 3-4 OFF-SITE SOIL AND SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATIONS

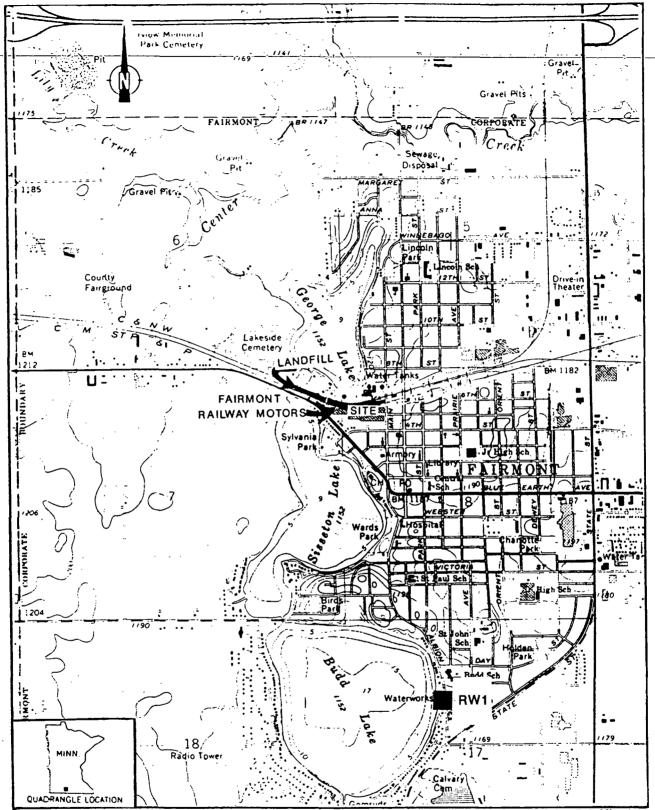
location was chosen because of nearby drums and because the ground surface was lower at this point.

Standard E & E decontamination procedures were adhered to during the collection of all soil and sediment samples. The procedures included the scrubbing of all equipment with a solution of Alconox and distilled water, and triple-rinsing the equipment (e.g., trowels, bowls, bucket hand auger, and spoons) with distilled water before the soil and sediment samples were collected. All soil samples were collected from a depth of 6 inches using a metal garden hand trowel. All sediment samples were collected from a depth of approximately 6 inches using a metal bucket hand auger. The samples were then transferred to a stainless steel bowl using the trowel or hand auger. Samples were mixed in the bowl and then placed in sample bottles using a spoon (E & E 1987). All soil and sediment samples were packaged and shipped in accordance with U.S. EPA-required procedures.

As directed by U.S. EPA, all soil and sediment samples were analyzed under the Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) for TCL compounds by S-Cubed, of San Diego, California, and for TAL analytes by Enseco/Rocky Mountain Analytical, of Arvada, Colorado.

Municipal Well Sampling Procedures. One municipal well sample (indicated as RW1 and duplicate RW2) was collected to determine whether TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes had migrated from the site via ground-water in the aquifer of concern (see Figure 3-5 for municipal well sampling locations). A well log for this well is provided in Appendix E.

The municipal well sampling location was chosen because it is the only municipal groundwater well in use in Fairmont, and to determine the general characteristics of groundwater in the area. Sample RW1 was collected at the Fairmont municipal well, located approximately 1 1/2 miles south of the site. According to the well log, the depth of the well is approximately 305 feet. A duplicate municipal well sample (identified as RW2) was collected in accordance with U.S. EPA quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) requirements. The duplicate sample was collected at location RW1. See Table 3-1 for the address of the municipal well sampling location. A blank municipal well sample was prepared, using distilled water, in accordance with U.S. EPA protocols.



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc., 1989; BASE MAPS: USGS, Fairmont, MN Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1967.

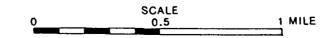


FIGURE 3-5 MUNICIPAL WELL SAMPLING LOCATION

Table 3-1

ADDRESS OF MUNICIPAL WELL SAMPLING LOCATION

Sample	Well Depth	Address
RW1 & RW2	305 feet	1022 Albion Avenue Fairmont, Minnesota

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1989; based on Miller 1988 and well log.

The municipal well sample was obtained from an outlet that bypassed water treatment systems and/or storage tanks. The water was allowed to discharge from the outlets for approximately 15 minutes before samples were collected to insure that sample sources had been purged of standing water. The municipal well sample was packaged and shipped in accordance with U.S. EPA-required procedures.

As directed by U.S. EPA, municipal wells samples were analyzed under the CLP for TCL compounds by Versar, Inc., of Springfield, Virginia, and for TAL analytes by Skinner and Sherman, Inc., of Waltham, Massachusetts.

4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS

4.1 INTRODUCTION

This section includes results of chemical analysis of FIT-collected soil and sediment samples and municipal well samples for TCL compounds and TAL analytes.

4.2 RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF FIT-COLLECTED SAMPLES

Soil and Sediment Sample Results. Chemical analysis of FIT-collected soil and sediment samples revealed substances from the following groups of TCL compounds and TAL analytes: phenols, phthalates, pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), aromatics, heavy metals, other inorganic analytes, common laboratory artifacts, and common soil constituents (see Table 4-1 for complete soil and sediment sample chemical analysis results).

Municipal Well Sample Results. Analysis of FIT-collected municipal well samples revealed substances from the following groups of TCL compounds and TAL analytes: heavy metals, common groundwater constituents, and common laboratory artifacts (see Table 4-2 for complete municipal well sample chemical analysis results).

U.S. EPA quantitation/detection limits used in the analysis of soil and sediment, and municipal well samples are provided in Appendix D.

Table 4-1 RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF FIT-COLLECTED SOIL AND SEDIMENT SAMPLES

Sample Collection Information		:				Sample Number		•			
and Parameters	\$1	52	53	54	S 5	\$6	S 7	\$8	S 9	\$10	S11
Date	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88
Time	1030	1100	1200	1330	1305	1330	1415	1445	1440	1515	1530
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	ECU53	ECU54	ECU55	ECU56	ECU57	ECU58	ECU59	ECU60	ECU61	ECU62	ECU63
CLP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MECM66	HECH67	HECM68	MECM69	HECH70	HECH71	MECH72	MECH73	HECH74	MECM75	MECH76
Compound Detected										•	
(values in µ9/k9)											
Volatile Organics	_	•									
coluene	7						4 J			4 J	
emivolatile Organics			000.1	-	•						
-methylphenol		. ~~	230J 440J				 				
naphthalene			440J 160J					 76J			110J
2-methylnaphthalene			180J					 /bJ			260J
acenaphthylene			200J			180J					180J
acenaphthene dibenzofuran			160J		 .	1003					81J
fluorene			280J			180J					150J
ohenanthrene	7 3J		1.600	1203		1.200	550J	230J	170J	190J	1,500
anthracene						340J	150J				540J
fluoranthene			2,300	250J -	991	1,700	970	280J	2703	250J	4,200
pyrene			2.000	240J	793	1,400	790	230J	230J	300J	4,300
benzo[a]anthracene			1,000J	180J		680J	430J	120J		180J	3,000
chrysene	190J	-~	1,500	400J		910	510J	220J	160J	240J	3,100
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	. 200J	220J	840J	150J		640J	150J	1,300	140J	380J	290J
benzo[b]fluorantherie	140J		2.400	880		850	870	190J	260J	280J	7,200
benzo[k]fluoranthene						470J		130J	120J		,
benzo[a]oyrene	160J	210J	1,300	380J		680J	540J	120J	140J	230J	3,600
indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene			910J	4 50J		290J	250J	84J		,	1,700
dibenzo[a,h]anthracene			470J				160J			·	940
benzo[g,h,i]perylene	280J		1,100J	7003		310J	360J	1103	1601	60J	1,900J
Pesticides/PCBs											
4,4'-DDE						36	13J				
Aroclor 1254				220				85J			
Analyte Detected											
(values in mg/kg)											
aluminum	3.770J k	7,240J*	5,480J*	3,610J*	8,600J*	2,870J \	5,910J 	4,270J \	5,840J*	3,560J 1	4,610J*
arsenic	5.8	4.8	6.4	3.4	7.4	3.8	17.5	3.0	7.1	1.58	4.9
barium	25.7B	136	129	40.2B	135	69.1	132	41.98	110	158	114
beryllium		.388	1.070		.54B		.52B		.41B		.45B
cadmium		1.2JB	1.9JB	3.8	1.2JB	1.9J	1. 4 J			1.3J	

Table 4-1 (Cont.)

Sample Collection Information						Sample Number	<u>r</u>				
and Parameters	\$1	92	S 3	S4 .	S5	96	S7 -	58	69	\$10	\$11
calcium	16,600J*	31,600J 1	26,700J l	3,220J 	12,100J★	32,900J*	24,500J*	5,000J*	42,000J±	2,740J*	65,400J*
chromium	15.5	13.2	13.4	36.3	15.5	7.6	23.5	17	18.6	27.8	10
obalt	1.4B	6.28	6.3B	3.2B	8.23	3.5B	5.78	2.49	6.0B	2.5B	4.28
opper	107	31.4	113	348	16.8	33	69.4	316	50.6	539	24.9
ron	13,400	14,300	14,600	18,400	16,800	8,330	16,100	9,520	15,400	11,300	10,400
ead	6.1	18	107J ★	175J 	35.7Jk	88.3J k	130J*	59J ★	77.2J★	117J*	49.6Jk
agnesium	2.560	7,970	6,610	540B	5,250	6,080	7,220	2,480	9,080	1,360	15,800
anganese	153	429	399	302	938	259	642	250	603	275	860
ercury			.2			.5					
nickel	12	17.7	19.5	15.5	24.7	10.8R	15.9	10.8	17.1	9.8	11.8
otassium	339B	1,100B	957B	, 410B	1,470	492B	1,150B	423B	799B	223B	1,460
elenium		1.8	1.4JWB	`.63JWB	2.2						.59JWB
odium						469B		- :-		2548	·
anadium	3.5%	25.6	26.7	11.4B	32.6	12.4B	23.3	8.7B	24.6	4.5B	17.3
zinc	10.2JE*	70.2JE k	289JE k	104JE 	69.4JE 	152JE 	183JE*	137JE *	96.6JE±	100JE*	74.3JE

⁻⁻ Not detected.

Table 4-1 (Cont.)

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1989.

COMPOUND QUALIFIER	DEFINITION				
J	Indicates an estimated value.				
ANALYTE QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION				
E	Estimated or not reported due to interference. See laboratory narrative.				
*	Duplicate value outside QC protocols which indicates a possible matrix problem.				
В	Value is real, but is above instrument DE and below CRDL.				
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC protocol.				
₩ .	Post-digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is out of control limits (35-115%), while sample absorbance is <50% of spike absorbance.				

INTERPRETATION

Compound value may be semiquantitative.

INTERPRETATION

Analyte or element was not detected, or value may be semiquantitative.
Value may be quantitative or semiquantitative.

Value may be quantitative or semiquantitative. Value may be semiquantitative.

Value may be semiquantitative.

Table 4-2
RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
FIT-COLLECTED MUNICIPAL WELL SAMPLE

Sample Collection Information		Sample Number	
and Parameters	RW1	Duplicate	Blank
Date	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88
Cime -	1430	1430	-
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	ECU65	ECU66	ECU70
CLP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MECM78	MECM79	MECM83
emperature (°C)	3	3	,-
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	500	500	<u>-</u>
Н	7.7	7.7	_
Compound Detected			
values in $\mu g/L$)			
olatile Organics	•		
ethylene chloride	.115	·	.12J
cetone			4.1
hloroform			.12
coluene ,		.14JX	.38J
crolein			6.92
nalyte Detected			
values in $\mu g/L$)		•	
luminum	34.1JB	30.1JB	
arium	56.2J	56.2J	
alcium	56,700	57,100	115B
opper	11J	6.2JB	
ron	66.9JB/	56.3JB	
agnesium	36,700	37,200	84JB
anganese	26.9J	28.4J	3.7JB
otassium	3,120	3,150	·
odium	11,900	12,100	
anadium	3.9JB	4.0JB	

⁻⁻ Not detected.

COMPOUND QUALIFIERS

DEFINITION

J	Indicates	an estimated	value.
x	Cannot be	confirmed by	CLP protoc

of a QC protocol.

Compound walue may be semiquantitative. Compound may or may not be present.

ANALYTE QUALIFIERS

DEFINITION

INTERPRETATION

INTERPRETATION

В	Value	is	real,	but	is	above	instrument	DL and	below
	CRDL.								
J	Value	is	above	CRDI	ar	d is	an estimated	d value	because

Value may be quantitative or semi-quantitative.

Value may be semiquantitative.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1989.

5. DISCUSSION OF MIGRATION PATHWAYS

5.1 INTRODUCTION

This section discusses data and information that apply to potential migration pathways and targets of TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes that may be attributable to the FRM site.

The five migration pathways of concern discussed are groundwater, surface water, air, fire and explosion, and direct contact.

5.2 GROUNDWATER

TCL compounds and TAL analytes were detected in groundwater approximately 1 1/4 miles from the site. Because this was the only groundwater sampling location available and because of the distance of the sampling point from the site, FIT cannot attribute the TCL compounds and TAL analytes found in the well sample to the site. The TCL compounds and TAL analytes found in the municipal well sample were heavy metals, common laboratory artifacts, and common groundwater constituents.

A potential exists for TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes from the site to migrate to groundwater in the area, based on the following information.

- The site is possibly lined with foundry sand (Flanagan et al. 1988).
- TCL compounds (Anderson 1985) and TAL analytes (Beckert 1981) associated with foundry sand were detected in on-site soil samples.

- The compounds and analytes detected in on-site soil samples either were not detected in the background sample or were detected in on-site samples at higher concentrations than in the background sample. Therefore, the compounds and analytes listed above are attributable to the FRM site.
- The site does not have a leachate collection system (Flanagan et al. 1988).

A review of the geology of the area of the site indicates that the bedrock in the area is the Dakota Formation, Mesozoic Era, Cretaceous Period (Sims 1972). The depth to bedrock ranges from 104 to 190 feet. The glacial deposits immediately overlying the Dakota Formation are described as outwash deposits related to the stagnation and retreat of the Des Moines lobe (Sims 1972). A review of well logs from the vicinity of the site indicates that these glacial outwash deposits overlying the bedrock are composed of clay, sand, and gravel. The aquifer of concern, located at a depth of approximately 150 feet, is found within the sandstone bedrock. The majority of the private drinking water wells located within a 3-mile radius of the site are cased into the sandstone bedrock. However, one well log from within the 3-mile radius indicates that the well draws from a gravel aquifer at 110 feet (well logs are provided in Appendix E). It is assumed that the drift and bedrock aquifers are hydrologically interconnected, because well logs indicate that no continuous clay layers are present within a 3-mile radius of the site. The drift and bedrock aquifers will be considered as one aguifer of concern. The direction of regional groundwater flow in the bedrock aquifer is to the south (Bloomgrem 1989); however, local groundwater flow in the drift is to the north (Kanivetski 1979).

The city of Fairmont operates one municipal well, located approximately 1 1/4 miles south of the site. The city of Fairmont supplies municipal water to 11,507 persons living within its corporate boundaries (Miller 1988). The city of Fairmont does not supply municipal water to persons living outside the city's corporate

boundaries (Miller 1988), and these residents rely on residential wells for water supplies. According to a house count on a U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) topographic map of the area of the site, multiplied by an average number of persons per household of 2.60 (derived from 1980 Census data), approximately 224 persons reside within a 3-mile radius of the site outside the corporate limits of the city of Fairmont.

The total potential target population for groundwater contamination is 11,731 persons.

5.3 SURFACE WATER

TCL compounds and TAL analytes were detected in sediment samples obtained from the channel and waterway between Sisseton Lake and George Lake, and may be attributed to the FRM site, based on the following information:

- TCL compounds and TAL analytes detected in on-site soil samples were also detected in sediment samples;
- The landfill may have extended to the edge of the slope that leads to the channel and waterway; and
- The surface water flow in the waterway is south to north.

A potential exists for contaminants to migrate off-site via surface water, based on the following information:

- TCL compounds and TAL analytes have been detected in on-site soil samples;
- There are no surface water diversion structures present at the site:
- The steep slopes of the landfill may be routes for surface water runoff; and

• City of Fairmont storm sewers flow under the east landfill and empty into George Lake (Flanagan et al. 1988). FIT noticed two storm drains discharging into George Lake.

According to USGS topographic maps (Fairmont and Wilmert Lake quadrangles), Budd Lake, Sisseton Lake, and George Lake are part of a chain of lakes within a 4-mile radius of the site. The lake most likely to be impacted by the FRM site is the downgradient George Lake. Surface water in the area flows from south to the north, discharging to Center Creek. Center Creek flows out of George Lake.

The potential targets of surface water contamination include approximately 11,507 persons within the corporate boundaries of Fairmont who are on municipal water, some which is drawn from Budd Lake. Budd Lake is part of the chain of lakes, and is upgradient from the site. There is a low potential for Budd Lake to become contaminated from the FRM site. The potential is low because Budd Lake is upgradient of the site. Surface water from Budd Lake and groundwater from the Fairmont municipal well are blended before distribution. The city of Fairmont operates two surface water intakes located in Budd Lake, one approximately 120 feet from shore and the other approximately 240 feet from shore (Miller 1988). Budd Lake is located 1 mile south of the site. The chain of lakes is used for fishing, boating, and swimming (Miller 1988).

5.4 AIR

A release of potential contaminants to the air was not documented during the SSI of the FRM site. During the reconnaissance inspection, PIT site-entry instruments (OVA 128, explosimeter, oxygen meter, hydrogen cyanide monitor, and radiation monitor) did not detect levels above background concentrations of the site (E & E 1987). In accordance with the U.S. EPA-approved work plan, further air monitoring was not conducted by FIT.

A potential exists for windblown particulates to carry TCL compounds and TAL analytes from the site. This potential is based on the following information:

- TCL compounds and TAL analytes were detected in on-site soil samples;
- The area around the site is sandy, and the potential exists for particulates to be easily blown into the air; and
- The depth and type of cover material on the landfill are unknown.

The potential targets of air contamination include approximately 11,884 persons living within a 4-mile radius of the FRM site (calculated using the methodology described in Section 5.2).

5.5 FIRE AND EXPLOSION

During the FIT reconnaissance inspection, no evidence of fire or explosive conditions was observed. FIT explosimeter readings indicated no apparent potential for explosions at the site.

Burning practices formerly employed at the site could have potentially posed a fire and/or explosion hazard to the surrounding area. In 1980, the FRM facility ceased burning operations at the site (Jackson 1986). In the mid-1970s, an explosion occurred in the FRM foundry when a worker dropped a tool box in a hot process pot (Flanagan et al. 1988).

5.6 DIRECT CONTACT

According to federal, state, and local file information reviewed by FIT, and interviews with local officials, there is no documentation of an incident of direct contact with TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes at the FRM site.

A potential exists for the public and/or workers at the site to come into direct contact with TCL compounds and/or TAL analytes detected at the site. The potential for direct contact is based on the following information:

 Residents disposed of garbage at the on-site landfill when it was active (Flanagan 1988a);

- The west landfill is unfenced and accessible;
- Snowmobile tracks were observed on the west landfill by FIT;
- The type of cover material on the landfill and the depth of the cover are unknown; and
- TCL compounds and TAL analytes have been detected in on-site soils.

Direct contact may occur through casual use of the unfenced area. The potential target population for direct contact within a 1-mile radius of the site is approximately 8,487 persons. This estimate was obtained using the USGS map of the Fairmont, Minnesota, 1979 Quadrangle. Planimeter readings were used to calculate the portion of the population of Fairmont within the 1-mile radius.

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USGS, 1967, Fairmont revised 1979; 1970, Welcome; 1970, Wilbert; 1967, Wilmert Lake, Minnesota quadrangles, 7.5 Minute Series: 1:24,000.

3133:5

Table 4-2
RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
FIT-COLLECTED MUNICIPAL WELL SAMPLE

Sample Collection Information	•	Sample Number					
and Parameters	RW1	Duplicate	Blank				
Date	12/6/88	12/6/88	12/6/88				
rime -	1430	1430	-				
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	ECU65	ECU66	ECU70				
LP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MECM78	MECM79	MECM83				
emperature (°C)	3	3	_				
pecific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	500	500	- -				
н	7.7	7.7	-				
ompound Detected							
values in $\mu g/L$)							
olatile Organics		•					
ethylene chloride	.11J		.12J				
cetone			4.1				
hloroform			.12				
oluene ,		.14JX	.38J				
crolein			6.92				
nalyte Detected							
values in $\mu g/L$)			•				
luminum	34.1JB	30.1JB	- -				
erium	56.2J	56.2J					
alcium	56,700	57,100	115B				
ppper	11J	6.2ЈВ					
ron	66.9JB∕	56.3JB					
agnesium	36,700	37,200	84JB				
inganese	26.9J	28.4J	3.7ЈВ				
ptassium	3,120	3,150	` 				
odium	11,900	12,100					
anadium	3.9JB	4.0JB					

⁻⁻ Not detected.

1				
٠	-	٦	۰	

COMPOUND QUALIFIERS

DEFINITION

INTERPRETATION

J	Indicates an estimated value.
x	Cannot be confirmed by CLP protocols.
ANALYTE QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION
В	Value is real, but is above instrument DL and below
	CRDL.
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Compound walue may be semiquantitative. Compound may or may not be present.

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Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1989.

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- TCL compounds and TAL analytes were detected in on-site soil samples;
- The area around the site is sandy, and the potential exists for particulates to be easily blown into the air; and
- The depth and type of cover material on the landfill are unknown.

The potential targets of air contamination include approximately 11,884 persons living within a 4-mile radius of the FRM site (calculated using the methodology described in Section 5.2).

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5.6 DIRECT CONTACT

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- Snowmobile tracks were observed on the west landfill by FIT;
- The type of cover material on the landfill and the depth of the cover are unknown; and
- TCL compounds and TAL analytes have been detected in on-site soils.

Direct contact may occur through casual use of the unfenced area. The potential target population for direct contact within a 1-mile radius of the site is approximately 8,487 persons. This estimate was obtained using the USGS map of the Fairmont, Minnesota, 1979 Quadrangle. Planimeter readings were used to calculate the portion of the population of Fairmont within the 1-mile radius.

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USGS, 1967, Fairmont revised 1979; 1970, Welcome; 1970, Wilbert; 1967, Wilmert Lake, Minnesota quadrangles, 7.5 Minute Series: 1:24,000.

3133:5

APPENDIX A

SITE 4-MILE RADIUS MAP

APPENDIX B

U.S. EPA FORM 2070-13

.Q.ED∆

EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

YEFA	PART 1 - SITE	ELOCATION AND	NSPECTION INFORMA	MM MOIT	1009 6488986
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION					
01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or desc		i	2 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPE		
Fairmont Rai	lway Motor	2	415 N. Main	St.	IO7COUNTY 08 CONG
Fair mont OB COORDINATES			MN 56031		091 02
43 39 22.0 D	942747.0	10 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP A. PRIVATE D F. OTHER	(Check one)] B. FEDERAL [C. STATE D. COUNT	
III. INSPECTION INFORMAT		r - 110- u - 1			~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
01 DATE OF INSPECTION 12 / 6 / 88 MONTH DAY YEAR 04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPEC	02 SITE STATUS ACTIVE INACTIVE		M D <mark>9 Present</mark> HING YEAR ENDING YEAR	UNKNOW	N
•		vicenment Two		INICIDAL CONTRACTOR	
☐ A. EPA ■ B. EPA CONT☐ E. STATE ☐ F. STATE CO	NATE OF THE PROPERTY OF	lame of firm)	□ C. MUNICIPAL □ D. MU □ G. OTHER	INICIPAL CONTRACTOR _	(Name of firm)
	(/	Vame of firm)	J G. OTREN	(Specify)	
05 CHIEF INSPECTOR		06 TITLE		07 ORGANIZATION ECO 1094	08 TELEPHONE NO.
Ronnie Galmos other inspectors	vore	Environmenta	1 Technician	Fourtoment, I	nc. (312) 663 9415
ł .				11 ORGANIZATION	
Kurt Sims		Earth Sc	ientist		() "
Melanie Nest	erenKo	Biologi	st	1,	() "
Dan Syllivar	\)	Engineer	U	() "
Stan Senge			Source Manager	''	() "
J					()
13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTER	VIEWED	14 THE Qualit and Safety	· 1		16 TELEPHONE NO
Robert J. Fla	inagan	Imanager '	415 North	Main Street	non-
Raymond R.)	vice Preside Operations	nt "	-	1507235336
1 - '		Project	"		
Richard Lob	b	Engineer	, ,		(507) 235 3361
					()
					()
					()
17 ACCESS GAINED BY (Check one) PERMISSION	B TIME OF INSPECTION	19 WEATHER CONDIT	ions		
□ WARRANT	8:30	Sunny 300-	40°F SW W	ind 10-15 mi	oh
IV. INFORMATION AVAILA	BLE FROM	T			
01 CONTACT		02 OF (Agency/Organiza	ttoni		03 TELEPHONE NO.
Ron Swens	Son	MPCA			6121297-1793
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR S		05 AGENCY	06 ORGANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NO.	08 DATE
Ronnie Ga	lmore	U.S. EPA	Environmentia	(312) (663-9415	4 7 89 MONTH DAY YEAR

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

	FICATION
OI STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
Mai	1096488986

# 14/4 G T C C 1	TATES OUTANTITIES AS	ID CHADACTED!	CTICC				
	TATES, QUANTITIES, AP	OZ WASTE QUANTI		I AT WASTE CHARACTI	RISTICS (Check at that as		
M A SOLIO M B POWDE M C SLUDGE	DE SLURRY	(Measures of	PUKNOMU PROMOTOR	B A TOXIC B B CORRO U C RADIOA B D PERSIS	DE SOLUE SME DE INFECT CTIME DE FLAME	LE DENGALYA NOUS DEPLOS MABLE DEREACTA SLE DENCOMP	ME NE ATIBLE
EI B OTHER	(Specify)	NO OF DRUMS	 .			D M NOT AP	PLICABLE
IIL WASTE T		10.0 0.00		<u> </u>		·-	
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	IAME	01 00000 440100	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE					1.11.50	On Linux
OLW	OILY WASTE		unknown - Pam	Sludges	The MPCH me	ede the Followin	a suggistions.
	SOLVENTS	-14	ļ			of soluble oils.	
SOL			} 			inappropiate,	
PS0	PESTICIDES		 		r:	hazardous and	
000	OTHER ORGANIC C				1	in a MPCA app	. 1
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS				d paint waste is	
ACO	ACIDS	<u></u>				A hazardous was	
BAS	BASES				and landfill d	isposal may be	inapproplate.
MES	HEAVY METALS		unknown-	foundy sand	l		
	OUS SUBSTANCES (544 A		T				OK VE AS EE OF
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N		03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DIS	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	OS MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
	See Section II	of SI					
	Report and D	ata Package.				·	
	<u> </u>		ļ				
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
					-		
			·•	1			
			-				
						1	
	-	<u></u>				·	
				·			
V FEEDSTO	CKS (See Appendix for CAS Numb		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L
CATEGORY			02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	O1 FEEDSTO	YX NAME	02 CAS KINSER
	0		OT CAS HOMBER	FDS			07 000 100 300
FDS			 				
FDS				FDS			
FDS	- 			FDS			
FDS			L	FOS			
VI. SOURCE	S OF INFORMATION 104	specific references e g .	state files, sample analysis,	reports			
Sam, Site	ple data, Co Inspection	ise # 110 by FIT /	140 Ecology q	Environm	ent ,Inc.	12/6/88	

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

L-IDENTIFICATION

O1 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

MN D096488986

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS
01 TA GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 02 DOBERVED (DATE: 12.6-80) POTENTIAL DALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 1173/ 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The general geology of the area
consists of clay, sand, gravel, and sand stone. contaninats have been detected in the
soil. The depth to groundwater in the area is approximately 20 feet. Contaminants
detected in on-site soil sample could potential migrate to the groundwater.
01 B SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 15 07 02 DOBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 115 07 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION GEORGE Lake is the nearest Surface water. body, located approximately 500 feet north of the site. Samples
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 173 V/ 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION George Lake is the nearest
Surface water, body, located approximatery 500 feet north of the site. Samples
take from a Channel that is connected to George Lake Shows contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes, these compounds and analytes were also detected in onsite
Soil samples.
01 C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 02 DOBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
a potential does exist for TCL compounds and TAL analytes to be corried
In windblown particulates due to the detection of these compounds
in on site soil samples.
01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 02 OBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION
No potential was observed durning the FIT SSI.
·
01 B E. DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 8487 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The West landfill is unfenced.
Dispersion for the last a make a last and the mest la last is untenced.
During the SSI snowmobile tracks were noticed on the west landfill. The east rand-
Will to French Tel compounds a 1-ma . I have noted to led to me the said
Fill is ferced. Tel compounds and TAZ analytes were detected in on-site soil
samples taken from unferred west landfill.
samples taken from unferred west landfill.
samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL ~ 5 OA NAPPATIVE DESCRIPTION. 01 A PROTECTION ASSET OF THE PROTECTION OF SOIL OF THE PROTECTION OF THE PROTECTION OF SOIL OF THE PROTECTION OF
samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL ~ 5 OA NAPPATIVE DESCRIPTION. 01 A PROTECTION ASSET OF THE PROTECTION OF SOIL OF THE PROTECTION OF THE PROTECTION OF SOIL OF THE PROTECTION OF
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 50 DO BERNED (DATE: 12-6-88) DEPOTENTIAL DESCRIPTION 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1
samples taken from unferred west landfill.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL ~ 5 02 & OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) DPOTENTIAL DALLEGED OF NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol, aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL ~ 5 02 & OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) DPOTENTIAL DALLEGED OF NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol, aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL ~ 5 02 & OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) DPOTENTIAL DALLEGED OF NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol, aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 14 CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol. Qromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs. 01 & G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: UP gradient from the site und any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 75 02 & OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) DPOTENTIAL DALLEGED OA NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol, aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCB's. 01 & G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 1/73/ 02 OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL DALLEGED OB POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 1/73/ 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The municipal well sampled, 15 up gradient from the site und any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site.
of the contamination of soil of the soil o
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 of F. Contamination of Soil of North Compounds of Narrative Description FIT sampling confirmed contamination of Don-site Soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenolica of Don-site Soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenolica of Don-sites, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCB's. 01 of Drinking Water Contamination 11731 of Description The municipal well sampled, is up gradient from the site and any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site, which are used for drinking water. 01 of H. Worker exposure/injury of Oserved (Date: 10) of Narrative Description There is a potential for worker exposure / injury because soil samples taken onsite shows
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 # F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 02 # OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol., aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs. 01 # G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 1731 02 00 OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88 POTENTIAL DALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 11731 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The municipal well sampled, 15 up gradient from the site and any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site, which are used for drinking water. 01 # H. WORKER EXPOSUREINUMRY 02: OBSERVED (DATE: 100) POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION There is a potential for worker exposure Injury because soil samples taken onsite show contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 # F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 02 # OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol., aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs. 01 # G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 1731 02 00 OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88 POTENTIAL DALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 11731 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The municipal well sampled, 15 up gradient from the site and any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site, which are used for drinking water. 01 # H. WORKER EXPOSUREINJURY 02: OBSERVED (DATE: 1) * POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION There is a contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 & F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIAL PATEGRED OF NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of onsite soil with TCL compounds and THL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol. aromatics, Heavy Metals, a posticide, and a PCB's. 01 & G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 1/73/ 02 DOSSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL DALLEGED OS POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 1/73/ 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The municipal well sampled, 15 up gradient from the site and any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site, which are used for drinking water. 01 & H. WORKER EXPOSUREINURY OS OSERVED (DATE: OS OSERVED (DATE: OS WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 450 OS NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION There is a potential for WORKER exposure / injury because soil samples taken onsite show contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. 01 & I. POPULATION EXPOSUREINJURY OS DOSSERVED (DATE: OS ANARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) 02 DOSSERVED (DATE: OS ANARRATIVE DESCRIPTION) There is a potential for WORKER exposure / injury because soil samples taken onsite show contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes.
Samples taken from unferred west landfill. 01 # F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 02 # OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88) POTENTIAL ALLEGED 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION FIT sampling confirmed contamination of on-site soil with TCL compounds and TAL analytes. The compounds and analytes include PAH's, Phthalate, Phenol., aromatics, Heavy Metals, a pesticide, and a PCBs. 01 # G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 1731 02 00 OBSERVED (DATE: 12-6-88 POTENTIAL DALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 11731 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION The municipal well sampled, 15 up gradient from the site and any contamination may not be attributable to the site. TCL compounds and TAL analytes betected in the soil and sediment sample could potentially contaminate gound water and surface water surrounding the site, which are used for drinking water. 01 # H. WORKER EXPOSUREINUMRY 02: OBSERVED (DATE: 100) POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION POTENTIAL DALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION There is a potential for worker exposure Injury because soil samples taken onsite show contamination with TCL compounds and TAL analytes.

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

MN D096488986

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)
O1 # J. DAMAGE TO FLORA O4 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION Damage to flora could potentially occur through contact with contaminated soil Damage to flora could potentially occur through contact with contaminated soil and optentially contaminate air and water resources. There was no evidence of
and potentially contaminate air and water resources. There was so contaminate air and water resources.
01 ■ K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 02 □ OBSERVED (DATE: ■ POTENTIAL □ ALLEGED
Damage to found could potentially occur through contact with contaminated soil
seatment. See F, 3,000 L.
01 DL CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 02 DBSERVED (DATE:
wind blown contuminated soil and if humans were to consume the upland game
which had come in contact with contominated surface materials. see J, K
01 M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Solds/Purioff/Standing liquids, Leaking drums) 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 11884 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION There is documented
contamination of onsite soil and sediment. The site is does not have a liner and
the depth of the cover is unknown.
of 8 N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY of N
Damage to offsite properties could occur through contominant migration via surface independent or groundwater routes. Tel compounds and TAL analytes have been
detected in soil/sediment samples.
01 # O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPS 02 OBSERVED (DATE:) # POTENTIAL ALLEGED OF MARRATIVE DESCRIPTION TWO Storm drains flow under the landfill and into George
Lake. MPCA in 1980 suggest that dumping solubile oil into the sanitary sower may be inappropriate.
Lake. MPCA in 1980 suggest that dumping solubile oil into the sanitary sewer may be inappropriate. Soil samples collected on site are contaminat. If the storm drain become contaminated they could
Potential contaminated Lake George. 01 P. ILLEGALJUNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 02 OBSERVED (DATE:) POTENTIAL ALLEGED
DA MARRATIVE DESCRIPTION During the time the landfill was in operation other persons
desimped their refuse at the landfill according to mr. R. Flanagen the safety manager
for Faremont Railway Motors.
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS
There are several scrap metal and metal showing piles located within the fenced area of the site, In the mid 70's a worker was injuried when he accidentally
dropped a tool box in a hot pot.
BIL TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:
IV. COMMENTS
The site is a active facility that manufactures hydraulic handtools and railroad equipment. The site operated two landfill from the early 1930s until 1980,
The site is located 500 feet south of George Lake.
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cae specific references, e. g., state Mes, sample analysis, reports)
State and FIT files. Region I
SSI conducted on 12-6-88

≎ EPA	POT	ENTIAL SI PERMIT /	1. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER MN 1096488986				
II. PERMIT INFORMATION							
01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED	02 PERMIT NUM	BER	03 DATE IS	SUED	04 EXPIRATION DATE	05 COMMENTS	
C A. NPDES]						
□ B. UIC							
C. AIR							
D. RCRA							
E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS							
F. SPCC PLAN							
G. STATE (Specify)							
☐ H. LOCAL (Specdy)							
□ I. OTHER (Specify)					•		
J. NONE							
III. SITE DESCRIPTION							
01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT C	3 UNIT OF A	MEASURE	04 TF	REATMENT (Check all that a	oply)	05 OTHER
A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT				□ A .	INCENERATION		
B. PILES	UNKNOWA			Q 8.	UNDERGROUND INJE	CTION	A. BUILDINGS ON SITE
C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND				□ c .	CHEMICAL/PHYSICA	L.)
D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND					BIOLOGICAL		/
E. TANK, BELOW GROUND		Acres			WASTE OIL PROCES		06 AREA OF SITE
F. LANDFILL C. G. LANDFARM		_175.05			SOLVENT RECOVER	-	5
E H. OPEN DUMP					OTHER RECYCLING/	RECOVERY	(Acres)
L OTHER				U n.	(Spe	cetyi	ł
(Specify)							_ <u>L</u>
or comments The Fairmont I The landfill is located between that was filled in with u filters, foundry sand, me	een two railrod Vaste from Fai	id track imont R	ks. <i>The</i> Cailway	area	p between the	tracks wa	s an open french

IV. CONTAINMENT

01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Check one)

A. ADEQUATE, SECURE

B. MODERATE

C. INADEQUATE, POOR

D. INSECURE, UNSOUND, DANGEROUS

02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, BARRIERS, ETC.

The landfills does not have leachate collection system, surface water diversion system or liner, and the depth and type of cover is unknown.

V. ACCESSIBILITY

OI WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE: YES NO OZ COMMENTS THE WEST landfill is unferced. Snowmobile frack were notice on site by FIT.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cre specific references, e.g. state files, sample analysis, reports)

SSI conducted on 12-6-88 State and FIT file information.

Region I

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE				ITE	I. IDENTIFICATION 01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER		
SEPA	SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DAT					MM	
	PANI 5- WAIEN		C, AND EN	VINOIN	HENTAL DATA		
II. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY		T					
01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY (Check as applicable)		02 STATUS				03	DISTANCE TO SITE
SURFACE	WELL	ENDANGER			MONITORED		1 1/4
COMMUNITY A. NON-COMMUNITY C.	B. ■ D. ■	A. 🗆 D. 🗆	8. E.		C. ■ F.	А. В.	
III. GROUNDWATER		1					
01 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (Check to	one)	 				-	
☐ A. ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING							
02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WAT	ren ~ 11731		03 DISTANC	E TO NEAR	EST DRINKING WATER	WELL	(mi)
04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	05 DIRECTION OF GRO North east	DUNDWATER FLOW	06 DEPTH TO OF CONC		07 POTENTIAL YIEL	.O	08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER
~ 20 (n)		the bedrock		(ft)	1.17	(apd)	☐ YES ■ NO
Mostly everyone with municipal water system draw from clay, sands to 305 Feet.	Mostly everyone within the corporate boundaries of Fairmont is serviced by their municipal water system. The city of Fairmont operates one groundwater well. The well draw from clay, sandstone, and shale. The depth of the wells range from 100 feet						
10 RECHARGE AREA Rechar	ge Directly	by	11 DISCHAR	SE AREA COMMEI	uTe		
I I I	hrough Precip	. L. Jinu	□ NO		nknown		
IV. SURFACE WATER	Trough Treas	1 Ta lloc	1				
01 SURFACE WATER USE (Check one)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE	☐ B. IRRIGATIO IMPORTAI	ON, ECONOMICALLY NT RESOURCES	r 🗆 c. c	OMMERO	CIAL, INDUSTRIAL	0	D. NOT CURRENTLY USED
02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BO	DOIES OF WATER						
NAME:					AFFECTED	•	DISTANCE TO SITE
Garge Lo	Ke			<u> </u>			500' Feet (mi)
	eton Lake					4	1200' Feet (mi)
	ud Lake					-	(ml)
V. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERT	YINFORMATION						
01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN				1	02 DISTANCE TO NEAR	ESI PUP	ULATION .
	VO (2) MILES OF SITE 3 NO. OF PERSONS	C	3) MILES OF 1/5 NO. OF PERSONS	SITE	_/	25	Feet (mm)
03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2)	MILES OF SITE		04 DISTANC	E TO NEAR	EST OFF-SITE BUILDIN	3	
_4289	2				75 F	eet.	(mi)
The population within vicinity of site of Fair mont Railway 1. The population and population and	Motors is 10	ocated with	hin thi	e cor	porate bou	indir	es of Fairmont. I is densely

\$EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

MN 0096488986

VEFA		EMOGRAPHIC, AN		AL DATA	N D096488986
VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA					
01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED 20	ONE (Check one)				
□ A. 10 ⁻⁶ - 10 ⁻	8 cm/sec ■ B. 10 ⁻⁴ - 10)-6 cm/sec ☐ C. 10-	4 10 ⁻³ cm/sec □	D. GREATER THAN	10 ⁻³ cm/sec
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check of	ine)			·	
☐ A. IMPERN (Less than 1	B. RELATIVE	LY IMPERMEABLE (**)	C. RELATIVELY PERME	EABLE D. VERY	PERMEABLE than 10 - 2 cm/sec)
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED	SOIL ZONE	05 SOIL pH	T	
104 - 190 (m)	Unknou) n. (n)	Unknown	_	
06 NET PRECIPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINF		PE E SLOPE DIRECTI	ON OF SITE SLOPE	TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
6(in)	2.5		2 .	orth	<u>~7</u> *
09 FLOOD POTENTIAL	10				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SITE IS IN NA YEAR FLO	ODPLAIN S	ITE IS ON BARRIER ISLA	ND, COASTAL HIGH H.	AZARD AREA, RIVER	RINE FLOODWAY
11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 acre minim	um)		ANCE TO CRITICAL HABI	TAT jot encangered species	u)
ESTUARINE	OTHER]		<u> </u>	_ (mi)
A <i>N/A</i> (mi)	B. 2.5	(mi)	ENDANGERED SPECIE	s: none list	ted
13 LAND USE IN VICINITY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
DISTANCE TO: COMMERCIAL/INDUSTR		_AREAS; NATIONAL/ST. STS, OR WILDUFE RESE		AGRICULTU PRIME AG LAND	URAL LANDS AG LAND
A adjacent (mi)	E	125 ft (mi)	c	NA (mi)	D. <u>< 3</u> (mi)
14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION		Υ			
See Appendix	< 'A'				
• •					
VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATIO		e files, sample analysis, reports)			
Climatic Atlas of the		1		•	
USGs topographic m		MN. Quadrangli	1979		
SSI/FIT 12-6-8	-				
State File Information	tion.				

	P	OTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE	I. IDENTIFE	-		
\$EPA	•	SITE INSPECTION REPORT		SITE NUMBER 096488986		
VEI / 	PA	RT 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION	[MN ID	DALOGEOLOG		
II. SAMPLES TAKEN						
SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO		03 ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABL		
GROUNDWATER	1 3	Compounds: S-Cubed, San Diego, Ca) TAL Enseco/Rocky Mountain An	ifornia	Available		
SURFACE WATER	ļ	TAL Enseco/Rocky Mountain An Analytes: Arvado, Colorado	alytical Labs			
WASTE						
AIR						
RUNOFF			- 			
SPILL				<u> </u>		
son / sediment	11 5	Compands: Spring field, Virginia		Available		
VEGETATION	(Compainds: Spring Field, Virginia TAL SKinner and Sherman, I Analytes: Waltham, Massachusette	NC-			
OTHER						
UL FIELD MEASUREMENTS T	AKEN					
01 TYPE Combination	02 COMMENTS					
OXYGEN METER /EXPlosime	No readm	gs above background				
0UA - 128	No reading	s above background				
Monitox	No readings	above background				
Radiation Mini-Alert	No readings	above background	<i></i>			
Drager Pump	No color	change				
IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAR						
01 TYPE GROUND AERIA		02 IN CUSTODY OF <u>Ecology</u> <u>Environ ment</u>	Inc., C	hicego		
O3 MAPS O4 LOCATIO		onment, Inc., Chicago				
V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLL						
Tempe	rature, condu	active, and PH For Residential W	ell.			
	·	•	•			
T.° 3°c						
cond. 500						
PH. 7.7						

VL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

SSI conducted December 6, 1988

Ecology & Environment, Inc. File Information REGION I

A 5750 A	POTENTIAL HAZAI			RDOUS WASTE SITE		
\$EPA			CTION REPORT		2 SITE MUMBER 094488986	
7/ hal / 1		PART 7 - OWI	IER INFORMATION		WOLOGEAL OF	
II. CURRENT OWNER(S)			PARENT COMPANY (# approache)			
O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	OB NAME		09 D+B NUMBER	
Harso Corp.						
		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE	
P.D. Box 8888						
05 CITY	i i	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE	
Camp Hill	PA	17011				
01 NAME		02 D+8 NUMBER	OB NAME		09 D+B NUMBER	
		04 SIC CODE	TO STREET ADDRESS IN O. O		11 SIC CODE	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		O4 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		113c cobe	
05 CITY	IOS STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	112 STATE	14 ZIP CODE	
		0, 2, 0002		1331AIE	1424 0000	
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	O8 NAME		09 D+B NUMBER	
OT ROOME			OS 1.11 OS 1			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11SIC CODE	
, ,		1				
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE	
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME		09 D + B NUMBER	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		11 SIC CODE	
					•	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE	
IIL PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (List most recent	tiret) -		IV. REALTY OWNER(S) (# applicable: Bat a	most recent first)		
O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	
Fair mont Railway M 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BOX, RFD P. MC.)	otors	<u> </u>				
		04 SIC CODE 3546 - 2 353/-9	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	
415 N. Main st.	1000747	353/-9	los arri			
os arv	MN	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	OG STATE	07 ZIP COD€	
Fairmont	I I'VN	56031	O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	
UT RAME		OZ D Y D NOMBEN	10 Troub		UZ DYB NUMBER	
0.3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	
05 CTY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	
		l				
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	
<u></u>						
05CITY	08STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CTY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	
		L		L		
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CR.						
SSI conducted on December 5, 1988						
1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2						
]						
EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)						

	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE					I. IDENTIFICATION		
ŞEPA "		_	SITE INSPECTION REPORT		01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER MN D096488986			
VLIA			PA	RT 8 - OPERAT	OR INFORMATION	\square^{m}	סמו א	746488486
II. CURRENT OPERATOR (Provide & different from owner)					OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY (# application)			
OI NAME	I remove a design of the		02 D	+ B NUMBER	10 NAME			1 D+B NUMBER
1 1 1 1 1 1 C							- 1	
OS STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BO	DE RED E MC 1		1	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)			13 SIC CODE
E .								
P.D. BOX	8888	06 STATE	107.7	III CODE	14 CITY	116	CTATE I	6 ZIP CODE
		I .	Ι".		1.43.1	'"	317.16	22-0006
Camp Hill	T	PA	\coprod	7011			L	
C/	09 NAME OF OWNER	_						
7	Harsco	(01	P	 	***************************************			
III. PREVIOUS OPERAT	OR(S) (List most recent fi	irst; provide or	nly II dill	Yerent from owner)	PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT O	OMPAN	IES 🕫 😄	pácable)
01 NAME		•	02 0	+8 NUMBER	10 NAME 111			1 D+B NUMBER
Fairment Kail	way Motor	2					1	
4			1	04 SIC CODE 35-46-2	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)			13 SIC CODE
415 N. Mair	<u>st.</u>			353/-9				
05 CITY	<u> </u>	06 STATE	07 Z	IP CODE	14 CITY	15:	STATE 1	6 ZIP CODE
Fairment 08 YEARS OF OPERATION		IMN	15	6031			1	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	DURING TH	IS PER	RIOD				
70	Fairmont	Rail	1 104	al Michaes				
01 NAME	1 411 1,70116	1)9//	020	+B NUMBER	10 NAME		11	1 D+B NUMBER
			ĺ					
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. 80	ML RFD #, etc.)		1	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)			13 SIC CODE
06 CITY		06 STATE	107 2	UP CODE	14 CITY	15	STATE	6 ZIP CODE
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	DURING TH	US PF	RIOO				
	O TO THE CO	5011110 111						
OI NAME	l		logi	+ 8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11	1 D+B NUMBER
V. 100m2			1				Ι.	
03 STREET ANDRESS IS S	DC04 ct-1		Т,	04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)			13 SIC CODE
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Bo	12, NPU F, 6 (C.)		- [2.00000	12 STILL I PLUMESS (P.V. BOL REVE, BEL)			100000
0.00	·	los or · ·	100	10 0005	l. con	1	07:1	
05 CITY		06 STATE	: 107 2	CIP CODE	14 CITY	15	STATE	8 ZIP CODE
	.	1	<u> </u>					
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	08 YEARS OF OPERATION 09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD							
	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
IV. SOURCES OF INFO	RMATION (City appeal)	ic references,	e.g., s	tate filos, sample analysis,	reports)			
				- 00				
SSI Con	iducted or	12	- >	-88				
				-	•			
				-	-			

	r	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE				-I. IDENTIFICATION		
\$EPA		SITE INSPECTION REPORT				01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER MN D096488986		
7 /L1/1	PART	9 - GE	NERATOR/T	RANSPORTER INFORMATION	IMMIL	0016406166		
II. ON-SITE GENERATOR								
O1 NAME		02 D+1	BNUMBER					
Formant Paline Mala	nt.							
Fairment Railway Motor	7	1 10	4 SIC CODE	-				
		04 SIC CODE 3546 - 2 3531 - 9						
415 N. Main St.	06 STATE	E 07 ZIP		·				
Fairmont		رسير ا	6031					
III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)		<u> </u>	7037					
O1 NAME		02 D+	B NUMBER	01 NAME	-	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		1 10	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE		
		1						
05 CITY	06 STATI	E 07 ZIP	CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		
				_				
01 NAME		02 D+	B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER		
O3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		10	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE		
7 T	,	1						
05 CITY	06 STATE	E 07 ZIP	CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		
IV. TRANSPORTER(S)								
01 NAME		02 0+	BNUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER		
SET ENVICONIMA 03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. BOX, RFD P. AC.)	ent				:			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		10	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE		
8770 s. 78 th Ave	_							
05 CITY	06 STAT	E 07 ZIP		05 CITY	08 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		
Bridgeview	工	6t	455					
01 NAME			B NUMBER	01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER		
		1				_		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		0	4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE		
				<u>. </u>				
05 CITY	06 STAT	E 07 ZIP	CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		
		<u> </u>		_ <u>l</u>				
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite spec	ific references	s, e.g., state	files, sample analysi	is, reports)				
SSI conducted	0.0	12	1-5-81	B				
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EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-81)

ŞEPA	SITE IN	HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE ISPECTION REPORT STRESPONSE ACTIVITIES		OT STATE OZ SITE NUMBER MN D096488986
II. PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES				
01 □ A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED 04 DESCRIPTION	V/A	02 DATE		
01 B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROV 04 DESCRIPTION		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
101 ☐ C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROV		02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
,	N/A			
01 DE CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/,1			
01 D F. WASTE REPACKAGED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D H. ON SITE BURIAL	 N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A			
01 D J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	NA	02 DATE		
01 K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	N/P.	02 DATE		
01 D L ENCAPSULATION 04 DESCRIPTION	NA	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	V/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D N. CUTOFF WALLS 04 DESCRIPTION	i JA	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WA 04 DESCRIPTION	·	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 E P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP	v/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 [] Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	

©EPA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT		I. IDENTIFICATION 101 STATE 02 STE NUMBER MN D096488986		
	PART 10-PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES		7714 10010 100 100		
II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Continued) 01 □ R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED	02 DATE	03 ACENCY			
04 DESCRIPTION	N/A				
01 S. CAPPING/COVERING 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A				
01 T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A				
01 U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A				
01 V. BOTTOM SEALED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE				
01 () W. GAS CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE				
01 X. FIRE CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	03 AGENCY			
01 Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	03 AGENCY			
01 🗆 Z. AREA EVACUATED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE				
01 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	03 AGENCY			
01 🖸 2. POPULATION RELOCATED 04 DESCRIPTION	NA 02 DATE	03 AGENCY			
01 © 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION N/r ²	02 DATE	03 AGENCY			
III COLIDEES OF INFORMATION CO.					
III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CRE Specific references, e.g., state tibes, sample analysis, reports) State File Information					
SSI conducted					



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

L IDENTIFICATION

O1 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

MN DO96488986

II. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION C YES NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

In 1980 the MPCA visited Fairmont Railway Motors and made the following suggested that solubile oils disposed to the sewer may be inappropriate, cyanide is considered hazardous and should be disposed of in a MPCA approved manner, and all paint waste should be consider hazardous and landfill disposal may be inappropriate.

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

State File Information and FIT File Region I

SSI 12-5-88

FIT

APPENDIX C

FIT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS















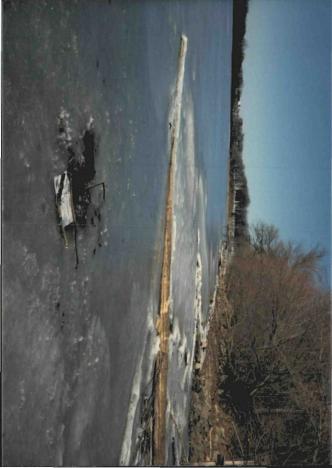








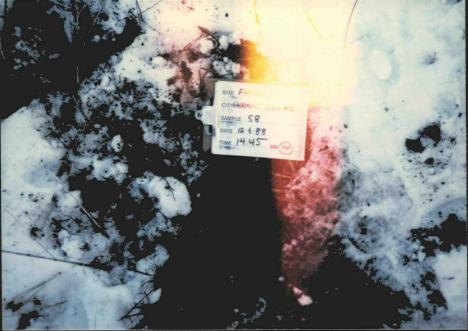


























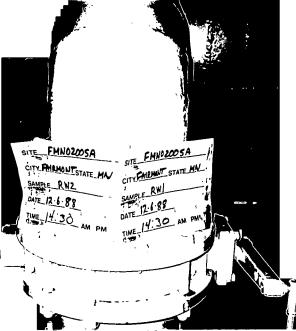
































PAGE / OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMN020058

DATE: > /2-6-88

TIME: >10:30 am

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > West

WEATHER
CONDITIONS:
> Char, cold, high 44%

> 5.W. wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > \$ |



DESCRIPTION: > Soil sample "S1" showing location and ground

> cover (weeds).

DATE: > /2-6-88

TIME: > 10:30 am

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North West

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, cold, high 44%

>5,W. wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > \$\int I



DESCRIPTION: > Location is about 40 feet south of northern-most set

> of R.R. tracks, near RR bridge that spans waterway between Lake George and Lake Sisseton.

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS

PAGE Z OF 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986 TDD: FO5-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIHE: > 11:00 am

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > West

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

> clear cold, high 44 }

>5.W. wind 575 mpl

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: > Hole in ice through which sediment sample "S2" was

> taken.

DATE: > 12-06-68

TIME: >11:00 am

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > Southwest

VEATHER CONDITIONS: > Clear cold, high 44 }

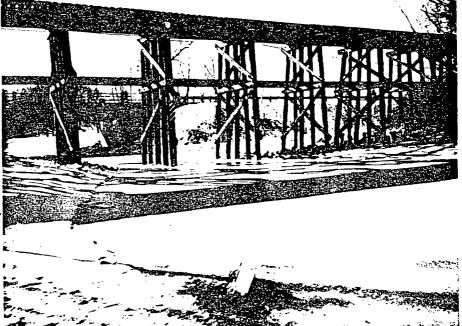
>5,4 wind 5-15 mg

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

> R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: > Location is about 5 feet from eastern shoreline of channel > that connects Lake George and Lake Sisseton, between the northern most and southern most

PIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

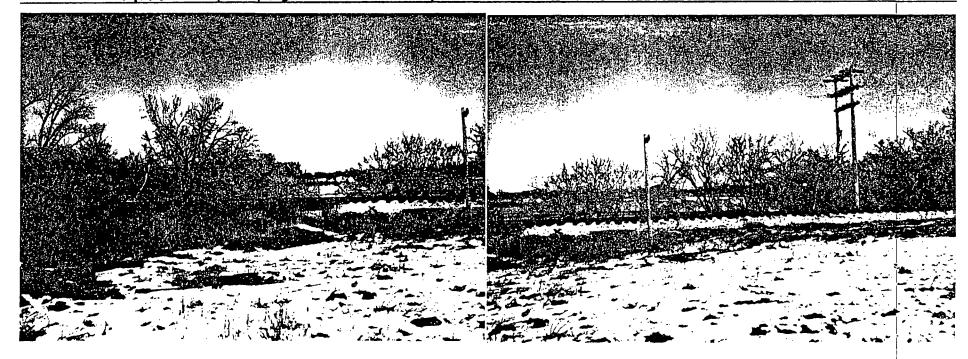
SITE NAME: FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS

PAGE 3 OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986

TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMNOZOOSB



DATE: >12-06-BB TIME: >11:15am DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

VEATHER CONDITIONS: > Clear, Cold, high 44°F, winds S.W. 5-15 mph SAMPLE ID (If applicable): > N/A

DESCRIPTION: > This is one of three pages on which a panoramic view of the landfilled area is made evident. Photos were taken from west to east in sequence, while standing on the southernmost RR track facing the northernmost RR track. Filled area lies beneath the snow covered area (foreground).

PIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS

PAGE 4 OF 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986

TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMNOZOOSB



DATE: >12.06-88 TIME: >11:20 am DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: >North PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

WEATHER CONDITIONS: >Clear, cold, high 44°F, 5.W. winds 6-15 mph. SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > N/A

DESCRIPTION: > Pan #2 of 3. Telephone pole is the same in both photos. George Lake is in

background. Northernmost RR. tracks lie just beyond the fill area. Continuation of previous

page ... also, see next page.

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS

PAGE 5 OF 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986

TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMNO20058



DATE: >/2-06-88 TIME: >//:30am DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: >North

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

WEATHER CONDITIONS: > Clear, Cold, high 44°F, S.W. Winds 5-15 mph

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > N/A

DESCRIPTION: > Pan #3 of 3. Note snowmobile tracks in snow on top of fill area. Lake George

is in background. Sequence of photos is west to east.

PAGE & OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

Date:>/2-06-88

TIME: >11:45 am

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

>clear, cold, high 44°F

> S.W. Winds 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

> N/A

DESCRIPTION: > Photo taken from 4th ave, facing west over

> fill area between north + south sets of R.R. tracks.

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 12:00 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:
> N/A

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, cold, high ye's

> 5.W. wind 5-15 modil

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY: >R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > S3



DESCRIPTION: > Hole in ice through which sediment sample "53"

> was collected.

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN020058

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 12:00 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPE: > South

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

> Clear, cold, high 440F

>5W. winds 5-15 mphon

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galpione

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): > 53

DESCRIPTION: > Placard for sediment sample "S3" in foreground with

> View to South of twin RR bridges spanning the waterway between Lake George and Sisseton Lake. "B3" taken 10ft, from shoreline.

DATE: >/2-06-88

TIME: >13:05 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > N/A

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear Cold, 44°F

>5,W. wind 6+5mph

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY: > K. Sims_

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):

(if applicable): > \$5



DESCRIPTION: > Soil sample & 6 taken in Lincoln park as a background

> sample

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 13:05 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > South

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

> clear, cold, 440F

> Winds SW. 5-15 mg

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

> K. Sims

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
> 55

DESCRIPTION: > Soil sample "55" location at placerd with Lake

> George in background. Jample taken about midslope (20% 5lope) in Lincoln Park.

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > /3:30 om

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > West

WEATBER

CONDITIONS:

> Clear, cold, high WO = 10

>5,60, wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY:

>K.Sims

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

> N/A

DESCRIPTION: > Point used as access location for off-site sediment

> Sample "56". Facing west over Sisseton Lake Fishing Pier. "56" was taken just north of this pier about 75 ft.

U.S. EPA ID:MND 096488986 TDD: FOS-8710-005 PAN: FMNO20058

DATE: >12-06-88

TIHE: > 13:30 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, Cold, kigh 44° F

> SW wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > K. Sims

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > がん



DESCRIPTION: > Hole in Sisseton Lake ice cover through which

> background sediment sample "56" was taken. Located about 75 ft. North of Sisseton Lake fishing pier, 5-10ft. From shore.

DATE: >12-66-88

TIME: > 13:30 pu

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, Cold Ligh 440

>5W Wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > K, Sims

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
> S6



DESCRIPTION: > Facing north over sample location "56", along

> Sissetin Lake Shoreline.

SITE NAME: Fairmant Railway Motors

PAGE 10 OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID: MUD096488986 TDD: FOS-8710-005

PAN: FMAID 2005B

DATE:->-17--010-8-8-

TIME: > /330

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

> South

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

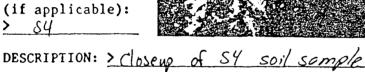
> Clear, Cold, high 44°F

> Wind S.W. 5-15 meh

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

> R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DATE: >/2-6-88

TIME: > 1330

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > South

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

>clear, co'd, high 4140F

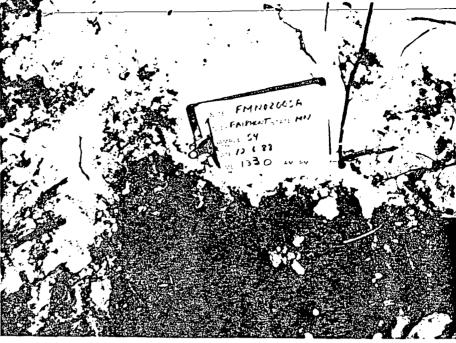
>SW Winds St5mph

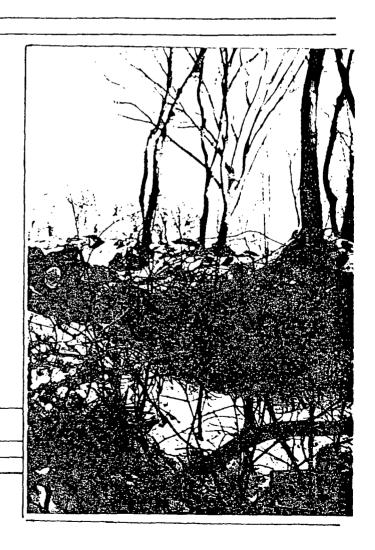
PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of sy

2 and local terrorn / vegetation





PAGE // OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

DATE:<u>>|2-06-88</u>-

TIHE: >14:15pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPE: > N/A

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
> Clear Cold < 44°F

> 5.W. wind, 5-15 max

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
> 57



DESCRIPTION: > Closeup of S7" soil sample

__

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIME: >14:15 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

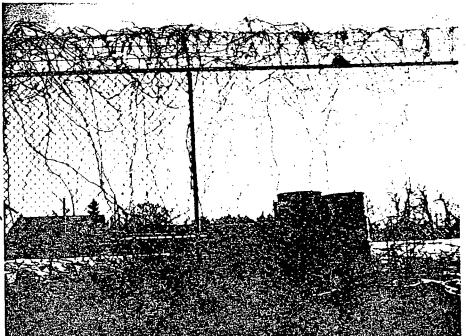
> South

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear cold <44°F

> 5.W. wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY: > R.Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > 5 7



> perspective of soil sample 57.

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN020058

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIME: >14.15 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > Northeast

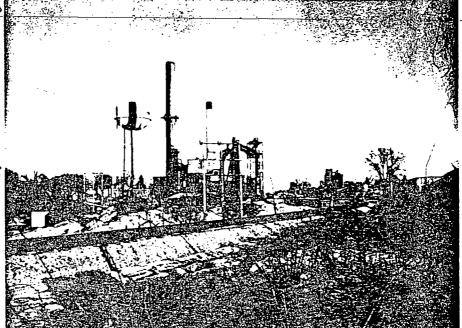
WEATHER CONDITIONS:

>Clear, cold, <40 }

>54 wind 5-15 uph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of 57" with power plant in

> background.

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIME: >14:300m

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

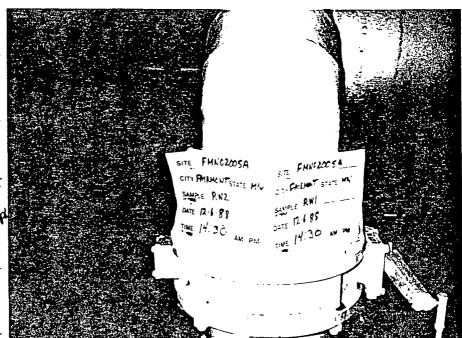
> N A

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear Cold, <40°E

>5W. wind 5-15md

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY: > K. Sims

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
>\text{RW| 4RW2}



DESCRIPTION: > RWI and RW2 (duplicate) taken from this > access point in the City's (Fairment, MN) nunicipal water department building on Athion Street.

PAGE / 3 OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID:MND096488986 TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

DATE: >/2-06-88-

TIME: > 14:45 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPE: > \(\lambda / \lambda \)

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

> Clear, Cold high 440

>SW wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galuere

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): 3

DESCRIPTION: > Close up of "SB" soil sample location

>_

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: >14:45 pm

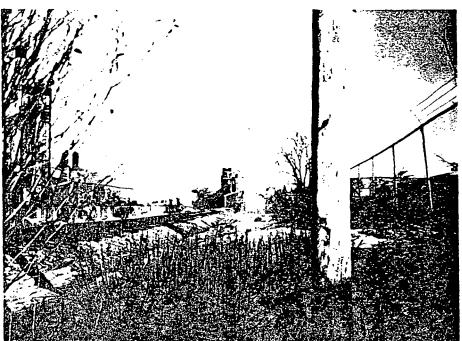
DIRECTION OF PROTOGRAPE: > East

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear cold

> whid 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY:

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
> SS



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "58".

>

U.S. EPA ID: MND 096488986 TDD: FOS-8710-005 PAN: FMN 02005B

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 14:45pm

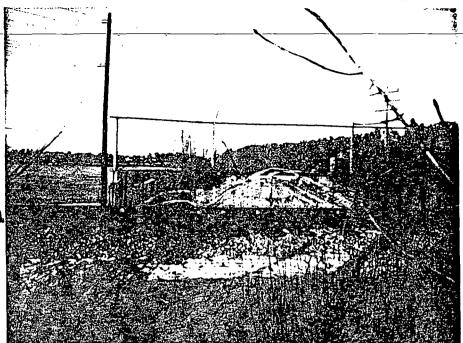
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear Cold

> 5W wind 5-15 974

PEOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > S&



DESCRIPTION: > Northward perspective of "S8". Coal pile > for IL Power Co. with George Lake in background.

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 14:40 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

> NORTH

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, Cold, high 44°

>5.W wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED, BY: > D. Sullivan

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable):
> 59



DESCRIPTION: > Closeup of "59" along northern boundary of > property.

PAGE 15 OF 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMN0200SB

DATE: >/2-06-88

TIME: > 14:40 pm

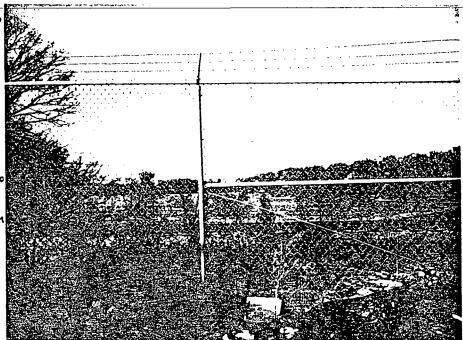
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North

VEATHER CONDITIONS: >Clear Cold, high 44°

> 5W wind 5-15 mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: >D. Sullivan

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > < 9



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "59" facing North over R.R. tracks
> and Lake George.

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 14:40

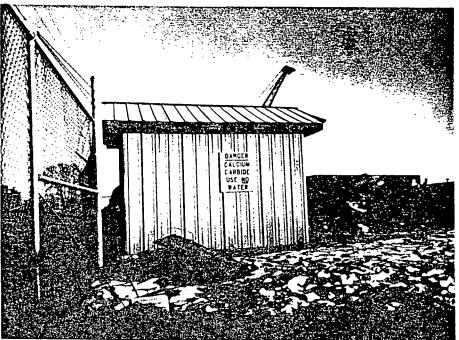
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > East

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear & Cold

>5W wind 5-15mg

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galure

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > 59



> northern property boundary. Metal shavings/cuttings on right. This is on top of previously filled area. SITE NAME: FAIRMONT RAILWAY MOTORS FAGE 16 OF ZO

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN0200SB

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: >15:15pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > N/A

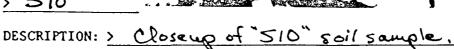
VEATHER CONDITIONS:

>clear, cold, high 44

>5.W. wind 5-15 mph

PEOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > 510



DATE: >12-66-88

TIME: >15:15 au

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

> East

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
> Clear > Cold

> 5W wind 5-15 md

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > < 5/0



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "510" facing East. Note > metal scrap. This area is on top of previously filled area.

FAGE 17 OF Zd

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986TDD: F05-8710-005

PAN: FMN02005B

DATE: > 12-66-88

TIHE: > 15:15

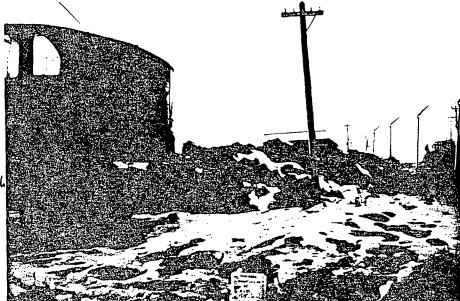
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > West

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear, Cold,

> 5,W. wind 5-15 mgh

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "510" facing West. Note

> metal shavings / cuttings stored beyond crane, near pole.

Previously filled area directly below Craine.

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIME: > 15:15 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

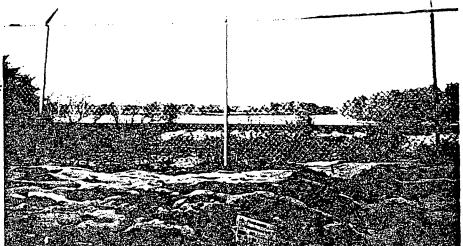
> North

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear Cold, 244;

>5W wind 5-15

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > \(\subseteq /O \)



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "510" facing north. Lake

> George in background.

SITE NAME: Fairmont Railway Motors

PAGE 1808 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND) 096488986 TDD: FO5-8710-005 PAN: FMN02005B

DATE: > 12-6-88

TIME: >1530

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North

VEATHER CONDITIONS: >dear, Cold, High 44°F

> SW winds 5-15mph

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R-Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): 112 <



DESCRIPTION: > dose up of SII soil sample

DATE: >12-06-87

TIME: > 1530

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North

VEATHER CONDITIONS: > clear cold

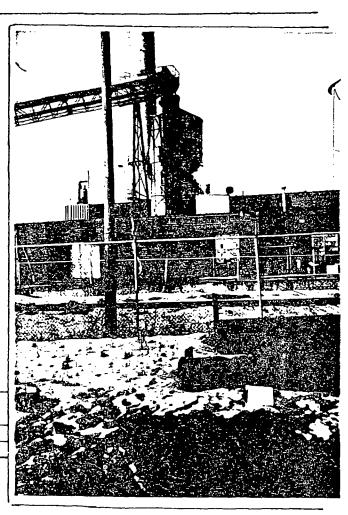
>SW wind 5.15mpl

РНОТОGRAPHED BY: > K. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): SU

DESCRIPTION: Perspective of SII

rearris and scrapmets pile in Foregrayed.



PAGE 19 OF 20

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN0200SB

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIHE: > 15:30 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > East

VEATHER

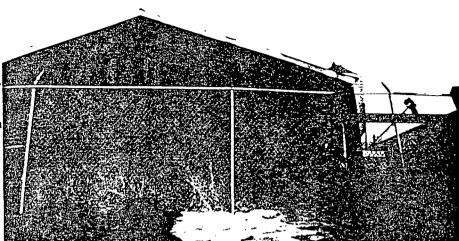
CONDITIONS: >Clear Code 40°F

.

>5W wind 5-15mph

PBOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > < 1/



DESCRIPTION: > Perspective of "SII" facing East.

DATE: >12-06-88

TIME: > 15:35 pm

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

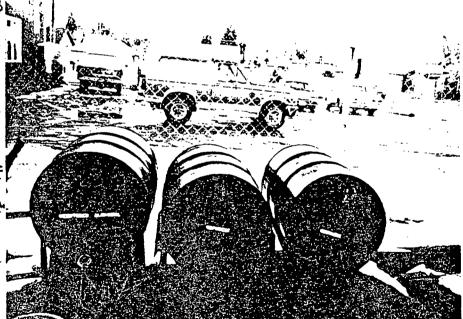
> North

VEATHER
CONDITIONS:
>Clear Cold @ 40%

>5.W. wind 5-15 mgl

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > N/A



DESCRIPTION: > Drums of Denatured Alcohol Kerosene along northern > property boundary.

05 7005 3DA7

U.S. EPA ID: MND096488986TDD: F05-8710-005 PAN: FMN0200SB

DATE: >12-06-88

TIHE: > 15:40 pm

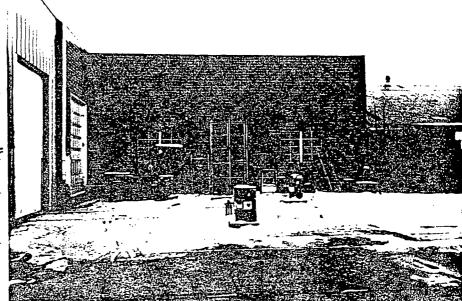
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > South

VEATHER CONDITIONS: > Clear Cold, @ 35°F

> 5.W. Wird 5-15 mgh

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): > N/A



DESCRIPTION: > Fairmont Railway Motors' Main Building taken from > their northern property boundary, near the East end of plant.

DATE: > 12-06-88

TIME: >16:60 pm

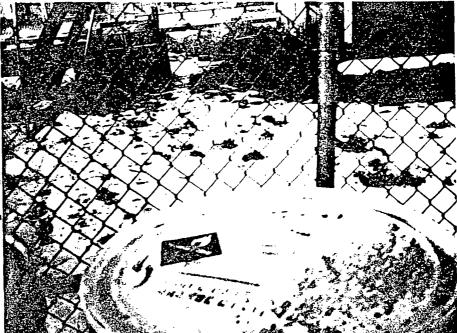
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: > North

VEATHER CONDITIONS: > Clear Cold, 35%

> 5,W. Wind 5-15 mg

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: > R. Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NIA



DESCRIPTION: > Flammable material in draw along northern > property line, just east of 511 about 20 feet.

APPENDIX D

U.S. EPA TARGET COMPOUND LIST AND

TARGET ANALYTE LIST

QUANTITATION/DETECTION LIMITS

ADDENDUM A

ROUTINE ANALYTICAL SERVICES
CONTRACT REQUIRED DETECTION AND QUANTITATION LIMITS

Contract Laboratory Program Target-Compound-List Quantitation Limits

COMPOUND	CAS #	VATER	SOIL SEDIMENT SLUDGE
Chloromethane	74-87-3	10 ug/L	10 ug/Kg
Bromomethane	74-83-9	10	10 ug/ Ng
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	10	10
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	5	5
Acetone	67-64-1	10	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	5	5 5 5 5 5 5
1,1-dichloroethene	75-35-4	5	5
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3	5	5
1,2-dichloroethene (total)		5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	5	5
1,2-dichloroethane	107-06-2	5	5
2-butanone (MEK)	78-93-3	10	10
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6	5	5
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	5	5
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	5	5
1,2-dichloropropane	78-87-5	. 5	5
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-01-5	5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	5 5 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	5	5
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5	5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	5 5 5	5
Trans-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-02-6		5 5 5 5 5 5
Bromoform	75-25-2	5	5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	10	10
2-Rexanone	591-78-6	10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	5	5
Tolene	108-88-3	5	5
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	5 5 5 5 5	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	5	5 5 5 5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	5	5
Xylenes (total)	1330-20-7	5	5

Table A
Contract Laboratory Program
Target Compound List
Semivolatiles Quantitation Limits

			SOIL SEDIMENT
COMPOUND	CAS #	VATER	SLUDGE
Phenol	108-95-2	10 ug/L	330 ug/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	10 487 2	330 dg/ Rg
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	10	330
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	10	330
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	10	330
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	10	330
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	10	330
2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	10	330
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	108-60-1	10	330
4-Methylphenol	106-44-5	10	330
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine		10	330
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	10	330
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	10	330
Isophorone	78-59-1	10	330
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	10	330
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	10	330
Benzoic Acid	65-85-0	50	1600
bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	111-91-1	10	330
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	10	330
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	10	330
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10	330
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	10	330
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	10	300
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	10	330
2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	10	330
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	10	330
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	10	330
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	50	1600
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	10	330
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	50	1600
Dimethylphthalate	131-11-3	10	330
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	10	330
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	10	330
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	50	1600
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10	330
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	50	1600
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	50	1600
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	10	330
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	10	330
Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	10	330
	7005-72-3		

Table A
Contract Laboratory Program
Target Compound List
Semivolatiles Quantitation Limits

			SOIL SLUDGE
COMPOUND	CAS #	VATER	SEDIHENT
Fluorene	86-73-7	10 ug/L	330 ug/Kg
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	50	1600
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	50	1600
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	86-30-6	10	330
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	10	330
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	10	330
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	50	1600
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	10	330
Anthracene	120-12-7	10	330
Di-n-butylphthalate	84-74-2	10	330
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	10	330
Pyrene	129-00-0	10	330
Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	10	330
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	20	660
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	10	330
Chrysene	218-01-9	10	330
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	10	330
Di-n-octylphthalate	117-84-0	10	330
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	10	330
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	10	330
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	10	330
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	10	330
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	10	330
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	10	330

Table A

Contract—Laboratory—Program

Target Compound List
Pesticide and PCB Quantitation Limits

COMPOUND	CAS #	VATER	SOIL SEDIMENT SLUDGE
COMP COMP	COLD X	- WALDIN	SLUDGB
alpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.05 ug/L	8 ug/Kg
beta-BHC	319-85-7	0.05	8
delta-BHC	319-86-8	.0.05	8
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.05	8
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	8
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	8
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	8
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.05	8
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.10	16
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.10	16
Endrin	72-20-8	0.10	16
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.10	16
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.10	16
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.10	16
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.10	16
Methoxychlor (Mariate)	72-43-5	0.5	80
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	0.10	16
alpha-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.5	80
gamma-chlordane	5103-74-2	0.5	80
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	1.0	160
AROCLOR-1016	12674-11-2	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1221	11104-28-2	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1232	11141-16-5	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1242	53469-21-9	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1248	12672-29-6	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1254	11097-69-1	1.0	160
AROCLOR-1260	11096-82-5	1.0	160

Table A
—Contract—Laboratory—Program—
Target Analyte List
Inorganic Quantitation Limits

COHPOUND	PROCEDURE	SOIL WATER	SEDIMENT SLUDGE
Aluminum	ICP	200 ug/L	40 mg/Kg
Antimony ·	Furnace	60	2.4
Arsenic	Furnace	10	2
Barium	ICP	200	40
Beryllium	ICP	5	1
Cadmium	ICP	5	1
Calcium	ICP	5000	1000
Chromium	ICP	10	2
Cobalt	ICP	50	10
Copper	ICP	25	5
Iron	Icp	100	20
Lead	Purnace	5	1
Magnesium	ICP	5000	1000
Kanganese	ICP	15	3
Hercury	Cold Vapor	0.2	0.008
Nickel	ICP	40	8
Potassium	ICP	5000	1000
Selenium	Furnace	5	1
Silver	ICP	10	2
Sodiu≡	ICP	5000	1000
Thallium	Furnace	10	2
Vanadi um	ICP	50	10
Zinc	ICP	20	4
Cyanide	Color	10	2

ADDENDUM B

CENTRAL REGIONAL LABORATORY
DETECTION LIMITS

TABLE B
-GENTRAL-REGIONAL-LABORATORY
-VOLATILE DETECTION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT IN REAGENT WATER
Benzene	71-43-2	1.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	1.5
Bromoform	75-25-2	1.5
Bromomethane	74-83-9	10
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	1.5
Chlorobenzene ·	108-90-7	1.5
Chloroethane	75-00-3	1.5
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	1.5
Chloroform	67-66-3	1.5
Chloromethane	74-87-3	10
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	1.5
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3	1.5
1,2-dichloroethane	107-06-2	1.5
1,1-dichloroethene	75-35-4	1.5
Total-1,2-dichloroethene	540-59-0	1.5
1,2-dichloropropane	78-87-5	1.5
cis-1,3-dichlopropropene	10061-01-5	2
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-02-6	<u> </u>
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1.5
Methylene chloride*	75-09-2	1
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	1.5
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	1.5
Toluene*	108-88-3	1.5
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6	1.5
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5	1.5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	1.5
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	10
Acrolein	107-02-8	100
Acetone*	67-64-1	75
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	50
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3
2-butanone	78-93-3	(50)
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	15
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	(3)
2-Hexanone	519-78-6	(50)
Styrene	100-42-5	
m-xylene	108-38-3	1 2
o-xylene**	95-47-6	4
p-xylene**	106-42-3	2.5**
Total Xylene	1330-02-7	2.J~*
IO(al Waters	1330-02-1	

^{*} Common Laboratory Solvents.

Rlank Limit is SY Method Detection Li

Blank Limit is 5X Method Detection Limit.() Values in parentheses are estimates.

Actual values are being determined at this time.

^{**} The o-xylene and p-xylene are reported as a total of the two.

TABLE B (cont.)

-- CRI

SEMIVOLATILE DETECTION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT	BLANK LIHIT
Aniline	62-53-3	1.5 ug/L	3 ug/L
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	1.5	3
Phenol	108-95-2	2	4
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	2	4
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	2	4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	2	4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	2.5	5
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	2	4
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	39638-32-9	2.5	5
2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	1	2
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	2	4
N-nitrosodipropylamine	621-64-7	1.5	
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	2.5	3 5
4-Methylphenol	106-44-5	1	2
Isophorone	78-59-1	2.5	5
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	2	4
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	2	4
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	2.5	5
2.4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	2	4
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2	. 4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2	4
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	2	4
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	2.5	5
Benzoic acid	65-85-0	(30)	(60)
2-Methylnapthalene	91-57-6	2	4
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1.5	3
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	2	4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1.5	3
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1.5	3
2-Chloronapthalene	91-58-7	1.5	3
Acenapthylene	208-96-8	1.5	3
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	1.5	3 3
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	1	2
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	1.5	3
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	2.5	5
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	1	2
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	(15)	(30)
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	1	2

TABLE B (Cont.)

CRL

SEMIVOLATILE DETECTION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT	BLANK (a)
Fluorene	86-73-7	1 ug/L	2 ug/L
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	1.5	3
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3	1	2
Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	î	2
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	(15)	(30)
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	1	2
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine *	86-30-6	•	L
Diphenylamine *	122-39-4	1.5	3
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	3	3 6 3 3
4-Nittoaniiine 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	1.5	3
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.5	3
	87-86-5	_	
Pentachlorophenol Phenanthrene	85-01-8	2 1	4
- · · · - · · · · · ·	120-12-7	2.5	2 5
Anthracene	84-74-2		
Di-n-butylphthalate	206-44-0	2	4
Fluoranthene	- · · · -	1.5	3
Pyrene	129-00-0	1.5	3 7
Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	3.5	/
Chrysene **	218-01-9		
Benzo(a)anthracene **	56-55-3	1.5	3
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	1	2
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	1.5	3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ***	205-99-2		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ***	207-08-9	1.5	3
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	2	4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	3.5	7
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	2.5	5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	4	8
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	1	2

^{*} These two parameters are reported as a total.

The actual values are being determined at this time.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

^{**} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^{***} These two parameters are reported as a total.

⁽a) If the blank limit is exceeded, the sample is reextracted and rerun.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.

TABLE B (Cont.)
CRL
PESTICIDE AND PCB DETECTION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT	
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.005 ug/L	
alpha BHC	319-84-6	(0.010)	
beta BHC	319-85-7	(0.005)	
delta BRC	319-86-8	(0.005)	
gama BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.005	
Chlordane	57-74-8	(0.020)	
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	(0.020)	
4,4'-DDB	72-55-9	(0.005)	
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.020	
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.010	
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.010	
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.010	
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	(0.10)	
Endrin	72-20-8	0.010	
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	(0.030)	
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	(0.030)	
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.030	
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.005	
4,4'-Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.020	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	(0.25)	
PCB-1242	53469-21-9	(0.10)	
PCB-1248	12672-29-6	(0.10)	
PCB-1254	11097-69-1	(0.10)	
PCB-1260	11096-82-5	(0.10)	

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.
Actual values are being determined at this time.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

TABLE B (Cont.)

INORGANIC DETECTION LIMITS

	nn o den im e	DETECTION		D 4 1	1CP	IBITO	~
COMPOUND	PROCEDURE	LIMITS		RAN	YGE	UNIT	<u> </u>
Aluminum	ICP	100	80	to	1,000,000	ug/L	
Antimony	Furnace	2		to		ug/L	
Arsenic	Furnace	2	2	to	30	ug/L	
Barium	ICP	50			20,000	ug/L	
Beryllium	ICP	5	1	to	20,000	ug/L	
Boron	· ICP	80			20,000	ug/L	
Cadmium	ICP	10 -			20,000	ug/L	
Cadmium	Furnace	0.2	0.2	to	2	ug/l	٠.
calcium	ICP	1000	0.5	to	1,000		mg/L
Chromium	ICP	10	8	to	20,000	ug/L	
Cobalt	ICP	10	6	to	20,000	ug/L	
Copper	ICP	10			20,000	ug/L	
iron	ICP	100			1,000,000	ug/L	
Lead	Furnace	2	2	to	30	ug/L	
Lead	ICP	70	70	to	20,000	ug/L	
Lithium	ICP	10	10	to	20,000	ug/L	
Magnesium	ICP	1000	0.1				mg/L
Maganese	ICP	10	5	to	20,000	ug/L	
Hercury	Cold vapor	0.2	0.1	to	2	ug/L	
Molybdenum	ICP	15			20,000	ug/L	
Nickel	ICP	20			20,000	ug/L	
Potassium	ICP	2000			1,000		mg/L
Selenium	Furnace	2	2	to	30	ug/L	
Silver	ICP	5	6		10,000	ug/L	
Sodium	ICP	1000			1,000		mg/L
Strontium	ICP	10			20,000	ug/L	
Sulfide	Titration	1		1			mg/L
Sulfide	Color	0.05		1			mg/L
Thallium .	Furnace	2	2	to	30	ug/L	
Titanium	ICP	25	25	TO	20,000	UG/L	
Tin	ICP	40			20,000	ug/L	
Vanadiu≡	ICP	10			20,000	ug/L	
Yttrium	ICP	5			20,000	ug/L	
Zinc	ICP	20	40	to	1,000,000	ug/L	
Cyanide	AA	5.0	8	to	200	ug/L	

Note: The above list may or may not contain compounds that are routinely analyzed at CRL for low level detection limits for drinking water.

See inorganic Routine Analytical Services for related CAS #.

SPECIAL ANALYTICAL SERVICES DETECTION LIMITS

Drinking Water Samples

TABLE C --SPEGIAL-ANALYTICAL-SERVICES_DRINKING_VATER_ VOLATILE QUANTITATION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT IN REAGENT VATER	
Benzene	71-43-2	1.5 ug/L	
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	1.5	
Bromoform	75~25~2	1.5	
Bromomethane	74-83-9	1.5	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	1.5	
Chlorobenzene ·	108-90-7	1.5	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	1.5	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	1.5	
Chloroform	67-66-3	1.5	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	1.5	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	1.5	
1.1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	1 . 5 .	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	1.5	
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	1.5	
Total-1,2-Dichloroethene	540-59-0	1.5	
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	1.5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	2	
trans-1,3-Dichlopropropene	10061-02-6	1	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1.5	
.Hethylene chloride *	75-09-2	1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	1.5	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	1.5	
Toluene *	108-88-3	1.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	1.5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	1.5	
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	1.5	
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	1.5	
Acrolein	107-02-8	25	
Acetone *	67-64-1	5	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	25	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	
2-Butanone	78-93-3	5	
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	5	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	1.5	
2-Hexanone	519-78-6	5	
Styrene	100-42-5	i	
Xylene (total)	1330-02-7	1.5	

Common laboratory solvents.
 Blank limit is 5x method detection limit.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.
actual values are being determined at this time.

TABLE C (cont.) SAS_DRINKING_VATER

SEMIVOLATILES QUANTITATION LIMITS

PARAMETER	CAS #	DETECTION LIMIT	
Aniline	62-53-3	1.5 ug/l	
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	1.5	
Phenol	108-95-2	2	
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	2	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	2	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	2	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	2.5	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	2	
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	39638-32-9	2.5	
2-Methylphenol	95-48-7	1	
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1		
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	621-64-7	1.5	
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	2.5	
4-Nethylphenol	106-44-5	1	
Isophorone	78-59-1	2.5	
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	2	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	2	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	2.5	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	2	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2	
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	2	
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	2.5	
Benzoic Acid	65-85-0	20	
2-Methylnapthalene	91-57-6	2	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1.5	•
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	2	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1.5	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1.5	
2-Chloronapthalene	91-58-7	1.5	
Acenapthylhene	208-96-8	1.5	
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	1.5	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	1.5	•
2,6-Dinitrotoluene Acenaphthene	83-32-9	· ·	
Acenaphthene 3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	1.5	
3-Nitroaniiine Dibenzofuran		2.5	
	132-64-9	1	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	(15)	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	1	

TABLE C (Cont.)

SAS DRINKING-VATER

SEMIVOLATILE QUANTITATION LIMITS

		DETECTION	
PARAMETER	CAS #	Lihit	
Fluorene	86-73-7	1 ug/L	
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	1.5	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3	1	
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	1	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	(15)	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	1	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine *	86-30-6		
Diphenylamine *	122-39-4	1.5	
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	3	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	1.5	
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.5	
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2	
Phenan threne	85-01-8	1	
Anthracene	120-12-7	2.5	
di-n-Butyl phthalate	84-74-2	2	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1.5	
Pyrene	129-00-0	1.5	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	3.5	
Chrysene **	218-01-9		
Benzo(A)Anthracene **	56-55-3	1.5	
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	1	
di-n-Octyl phthalate	117-84-0	1.5	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ***	205-99-2		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ***	207-08-9	1.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	2	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	3.5	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	2.5	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	4	
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	i	

^{*} These two parameters are reported as a total.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

^{**} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^{***} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.

The actual values are being determined at this time.

TABLE C (Cont.)

SAS DRINKING VATER
PESTICIDE AND PCB QUANTITATION LIMITS

		DETECTION	
PARAMETER	CAS #	LINIT	·
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.005 ug/L	
alpha BHC	319-84-6	0.010	
beta BHC	319-85-7	0.005	
delta BHC	319-86-8	0.005	
gamma BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.005	
alpha-Chlordane	5103-71-9	0.020	
gamma-Chlordane	5103-74-2	0.020	
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.020	
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	0.005	
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.020	
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.010	
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.010	
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.010	
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.10	
Endrin	72-20-8	0.010	
Endrin Aldehyde	7421-93-4	(0.030)	
Endrin Ketone	53494-70-5	0.030	
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.030	
Heptachlor Epoxide	1024-57-3	0.005	
4,4'-Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.020	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.25	
Aroclor-1016	12674-11-2	0.10	
Aroclor-1221	11104-28-2	0.10	
Aroclor-1232	11141-16-5	0.10	
Aroclor-1242	53469-21-9	0.10	
Aroclor-1248	12672-29-6	0.10	
Aroclor-1254	11097-69-1	0.10	
Aroclor-1260	11096-82-5	0.10	

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.
Actual values are being determined at this time.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

TABLE C (Cont.) SAS DRINKING WATER INORGANIC DETECTION LIMITS

		DETECTION	
PARAMETER	PROCEDURE	LIMIT	
Aluminum	ICP	100	
Antimony	GFAA	5	
Arsenic	GPAA	5	
Barium	ICP	50	
Beryllium	ICP	5	
Cadmium	GFAA	0.5	
Calcium	ICP	1000	
Chromium	ICP	10	
Cobalt	ICP '	10	
Copper	ICP	10	
Iron	ICP	100	
Lead	GFAA	2	
Magnesium	ICP	1000	
Manganese	ICP	10	
Mercury	Cold Vapor	0.2	
Nickel	ICP	20	
Potassium	ICP	2000	
Selenium	GFAA	2	•
Silver	ICP	. 5	
Sodium	ICP	1000	
Thallium	GFAA	2	
Tin	ICP	40	
Vanadium	ICP	10	
Zinc	ICP	20	
Cyanide	Colorimetric	10	

Note: The above list may or may not contain compounds that are routinely analyzed at CRL for low level detection limits for drinking water.

See inorganic Routine Analytical Services (RAS) for related CAS #.

ADDENDUM D

SPECIAL ANALYTICAL SERVICES DETECTION LIMITS

High Concentration Samples

APPENDIX E

WELL LOGS OF THE AREA OF THE SITE

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		FAIRM	10N7.	14B				1	vell was drilled under my est of my knowledge and	_	this report is true to	
								1 :	Their Wel	1 Co.,	Inc. 12	D13
		*8. REMARKS, ELEVATION, S		shees, if needed.	L	l	<u> </u>	4	Clara C			LICTUR FIG.
	. 🔨	i						Address				`
1		}						Signed	. Aeth	orized Represen	may gain from	
]	Hark E	obe		
•			MINN. GEOLOG	GICAL SURVEY	COPY				Nya	of Dellier		5/74 30M 7/76 30M
								-				

ounty Base Fraction. Motion From Road Intersections to the section grid with the sectio	F Street Address and	102 or	S S	Ov 1	Pairmont, Kimmsota
 	Test	hole	2	× 1100.	Date of Completion
Torito Loc	COLOR	HARDITESS OF POROATION	P7104	10	6. USE
Black dirt		rooming	0	ŧ	T. CASIBG PIAM. Threaded 1 Velded 5 Surface 7
Yellow sandy elay Grund Dirty sand			•	5	2 in. to
Tellow sendy elay			8	10	PALE ITOM IT. to IT
Grey sandy shale Grey sandy slay			10	17	type Stainless Steel Dia. Slot/Gause Length FITTIMCS: Set between 140 ft. and 145 ft.
Brown shale			31	*	ft. andft. 9. STATIC WATER LEVEL 20.28
Yellow sandy elay Sandy gumbo			32 33	<u>33</u>	land surface 10. PUMPISC LEVEL (below land surface)
Blue shale			24	38	ft. after hrs. pumping g.p.s 11. WELL READ COMPLETION 1 Pittess adapter Beschrut offset At least 12 show grade 12. Well growted?
Blue sand, elay soal,	wood		35 44	51	
Blue clay			51	95	from ft. to ft. 13. Rearest source of possible contemination feet direction ty
Blue send, elsy Else send with elsy			95 97	97	Vell disinfected upon completion Yes So
Mine sandy elsy	(\)	1	104	118	The totalled
Time sand stone shaley Softer	Bard	171039	118 151	151 155	length of drop pipsft capacityg.p.: Naterial of drop pips Type:
e,/ev		CCE	30		2 Jet 6 Centrifugil 6 16. WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CONTIFICATION This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to
14-B	d sheet, if needed.				the heat of an inculation and helital
A - woiler	July -	مهود	<i>ا</i> ا	11	Their Well Co., Inc. 12013 Licron Burius Fow Clara City, Minnesota
MINN. GEOLO	RET_KI		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	Authorized Representative Ref Kobe Base of Driller 7/74

Trembug Name 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•	£ 4]; _Y _	<u></u>	Mem City	LOG 4
Show evert heration of writing mental grad with "A."	Testho	le No.	<u></u>	lox stion	Fairmont, Rimme	Pair of Completion
	Blick Number	TEST HOL HOWER PL	m E 12		5. 1 Cable local 4 Revenue 1 D IV 2 D Hellen end 5 D Av 6 D Be	ved ti
1 mile	COFOU	HARISH) SS OF		to	2□trigstvin 5□Municipa 3□trigstvin 6□Air Cond	d 9□C namercul
Mack dirk			0			Abort/Bilow HOLE DIAM
Yellow elsy			4	_36	248R. Weight	
Elus alay			36	116	in. to	
Blue sandy play				144	Type Stainless St. Sol/Geom 10	De.
Sandy gusto			144	_180	Set between 245 ft. and 25	3 _n.
Sandatona & gombo Sandatona very dis	4.		180		STATIC WATER LEVEL 10. PUMPING LEVEL (below laad surfere)	Date Messured
Cleaned up some			205	220		pumping
Cleaned up more			220	225	11. WELL HEAD COMPLETION 1□ Prices scaper 2□ Basement off 12. Well grosted?	ford Sand Seast 12" Shine Stade
Very eleen			225 240		□Yes TaNo 1□Nesi Cament 2□Brestonke	O. Y4
Coal			257		Depth: Brom	ħ.
Mrs elsy			257	258	Peril disinfected upon completion*	drectiontype Yests
Clean sendstone Red shale			258 265	265 900	942 V935 Manafacturet's Huma	Dute Installed
102- 103-30	BBH	9880		61900	Model Nazaber	No Coperaty
e le u	1199-88	 				
14-	6		-		14. WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION This well was drilled under my jurisdicts the best of my knowledge and bellef.	on and this report is true to
H - 121	PCF1				Their Well Co	Edicense No.
N. REMARKS, ELEVATION, SOURCE OF DAT		L. KRET	120	0	Address Clara City Authorisid R Kark Keba	Date
MINN. GI	OLOGICAL SUF	RVEY COPY			Rimit of Drime	5/74 30M - 7/76 30M

Martin Platence and Direction from Road Intersections	•	(102)	Localion	30 L	Pairment, Minnesona
Show exact location of well in section grid wit	,				N. WELL DEPTH (completed) Date of Completion ft.
¥	res		16	,-0	
		ENGRESS OF		·	
POPUNTION LOC	COLOR	PORMATION	<i>т</i> юн	TO 3	T. CASING EXIGNT: Above/Below
Teller clay Top soil			3	5	Dreaded 1 Velded Surface P
Yellow clay			5	20	is. toft. depthis. toft. depthis. toft. depthisft. depthisftftisftisisftisisftisftisftisftisftisftisftisftisftisft
Blue clay			20	56	8. SCROOLS Or open bole from ft. to f
Blue sandy olay		·	56	68	type Stainless Steel pla. Slot/Gause 10 gause Length Set between 231 (1, and 236 ft.
Mus clay			68		ft. and ft.
Mine sandy elay				113	9. STATIC VAREE LEVEL 50°2° ft. 2 below above Date Ressured
Blue sandy clay				130	10. PUMPING LEVEL (below land surface) ft. afterhrs. pumpingg.pft. afterhrs. pumpingg.p.
દ્વાર Red sandy caly			130	133	1] Pitless adapter 4] Basement offset At least 12" above
ged clay	7/11/23		133	171	12. Well provide:
Soft fine red sand	7/995		171	217	1
Red shale	7/949		<u> </u>	219	fromft. toft. 13. Bearest source of possible contamination
Sand	7/947		l	273	feettirectionty Well disinfected upon completion? Yes No lk. Plan
Red shale		CD		280 13 1866	Date installed
	elev. I				Nodel Eusber EP Volts Length of drop pipe ft. capacity g.p.
	14-B				Naterial of drop pipe
					2 Jet 6 Centrifugal 6 16. WATER WELL CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to
A-war	sui len				the best of my knowledge and belief. Their Well Co., Inc. 12013
AS. RESURES, ELEVATION, SOURCE OF DATA, etc.	quefu (RET-KR	CT.		•	Licrose Buthess for Morne Bo. Address Clara City, Himagota
	OGICAL SURVEY				Signed Authorized Apprecentation Hark Kobe Name of Driller 7/74

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

LOG 7

WELL SCHEDULE

WATER RESOURCES DIVISION

U. S. DEPT. OF THE INTERIOR

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

_	•	
	MASTER CARD Massis -	
	Record by #W. Source of date WSP 256 Date 12 - 4 - 1 Map Francisco t WSP 256	·X
	State M-2:11! County (or town) May 1 six	
	Latitude: 433845N S Longitude: 0942710 Sequential number:	
	Lat-long 2 N sec 11	
	Local Local Other Bank	
	well number: number:	
	Local use: 33 Super Supe	٠٠.
	Owner or name: FAIRMONT Address: Hi7: 5-400	
	Ownership: County, Fed Cov't (Cit), Corp or Co. Private, State Agency, Water Dist	
	(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F) (H) (I) (M) (N) (P) (R) Use of Air cond, Bottling, Comm, Dewater, Power, Pire, Dom, Irr, Hed, Ind, P S, Rec,	
	water: (S) (T) (U) (V) (W) (X) (Y) (E) Stock, Instit, Unused, Repressure, Recharge, Desal-P S, Desal-other, Other	
_	Use of (A) (D) (G) (H) (\$\psi\$) (P) (R) (T) (U) (W) (X) (2)	
	LOCATED BY	
_	DATA AVAILABLE: Well data Freq. W/L meas.:	
	Hyd. lab. data: $10J-5()-8HCBCBU-1$ Name on Mailbox	
	Qual. water data: type: elev 1196-5-1 3- Lot-Block	
_	Plat Book	
. —	Aperture cards: 5 Info. From Neighbor	
	WELL-DESCRIPTION CARD 7 Other Can't Locate State Why "" "	
	Mas D: // []	
_	SAME AS ON MASTER CARD Depth well: ft rept rulers Carrier Casing Cas	
	Depth cased: (first perf.) ft Lasing type: ; Diam. in 27 30	
_	(C) (F) (G) (H) (0) (P) (S) (T) (W) (X) (2) Finish: concrete, (perf.), (screen), gallery, end, (C) (F) (G) (H) (O) (P) (S) (T) (W) (X) (Z) porous gravel w. gravel w. horiz. open perf., screen, sd. pt., shored, open hole, other	
	Hethod (A) (B) (C) (D) (H) (J) (P) (R) (T) (V) (W) (2) Drilled: air bored, cable, dug, hyd jetted, air reverse trenching, driven, drive rot., percussion, rotary, wash, other	
_	Drilled: Pre-1911 Pump intake setting:	
MSO	Driller:	*
	Lift (A) (B) (C) (I) (B) (C) (I) (B) (C) (Deep \mathbb{R}	S N
	Power nat LP Trans. or	į
	(type): diesel, elec, gas, gasoline, hand, gas, wind; H.P	
_	Descrip. MPft below LSD . Alt. MP	1
. 6	Alt. LSD: 190 Accuracy: (source)	·
A-WKA	Level ft below MP; Ft below LSD Accuracy:	_
	bate meas: 53 Yield: gpm Method determined etermined etermined	K
	Drawdown: ft Accuracy: Pumping period bra	-4
=	QUALITY OF WATER DATA: Iron Sulfate Chloride Hard.	ンプ
j	ppm 69 ppm 70 ppm 71 ppm 11	7
- ,	Sp. Conduct K x 10 Temp. °F sampled 77 70 sampled 77 80 sa	J
	Taste, color, etc.	

U Well No. Latitude-longitude HYDROGEOLOGIC CARD Physiographic Province: SAME AS ON MASTER CARD Drainage Basin: (E) (C) (D) depression, stream channel, dunes, flat, hilltop, sink, swamp, Topo of (U) (V) undulating, valley flat well site: (*) (P) (S) (T) offshore, pediment, hillside, terrace AQUIFER: aquifer, fernation, group Aquifer Lithology: Origin: Inickness Length of Depth to top of: well open to: MINOR AQUIFER: equifer, formation, group series Aquifer Thickness Lithology: Origin: Depth to Length of well open to: top of: Intervals Screened: Depth to consolidated rock Depth to Source of data: basement: Surficial Infiltration material: Coefficient Trans: Coefficient Storage: Coefficient gpd/ft²; <u>Spec cap</u>: gpm/ft; Number of geologic cards: Soil 3 3
Clayyellow 20 23
Clay, blue 87 110
Gravel 3 113 1060 allth allth

GPG 857-700